# CHAPTER XVI. PRIVATE FINANCE.

A. GENERAL.

In issues of the Official Year Book prior to No. 25 information relating to Private Finance was included in the Chapter dealing with Finance generally, but commencing with that issue a separate Chapter has been devoted thereto. The Chapter is subdivided into the following sections:—

Banking, including Savings Banks; Companies; Insurance; Friendly Societies; and Probates.

#### B. BANKING.

#### § 1. Cheque-Paying Banks.

- 1. Banking Legislation.—(i) Commonwealth Legislation. (a) General. Under Section 51 of the Commonwealth Constitution, the Commonwealth Parliament has power to legislate with respect to "Banking, other than State banking, also State banking extending beyond the limits of the State concerned, the incorporation of banks, and the issue of paper money". Similar powers regarding bills of exchange and promissory notes are also granted under this section. The principal legislation enacted comprises the following: The Commonwealth Bank Act 1911–1943 constituting the Commonwealth Bank and providing for its management and that of the note issue; the Bank Notes Tax Act 1910 designed to force private notes out of circulation; and the Bills of Exchange and Promissory Notes Act 1909–1936 regulating the issue of bills of exchange, cheques and promissory notes.
- (b) War-time Banking Control. On 26th November, 1941, the National Security (War-time Banking Control) Regulations were brought into force. These regulations relate, in general, to persons or corporations (other than a bank of the Commonwealth or any State) engaged in the business of banking, and, in particular, to the fourteen trading banks, and provide for the holding of a licence in order to carry on business. The consequence of contravention of the regulations may be the withdrawal of a licence. Advances made by the trading banks must comply with the policy laid down by the Commonwealth Bank, and the purchase or subscription to loans or securities is only possible with its consent. The surplus investible funds of the trading banks are to be lodged with the Commonwealth Bank in a special account, from which they can be drawn only with the consent of the Commonwealth Bank. "Surplus investible funds" are defined as the amount by which the total assets in Australia at any time exceed the average of the total assets in Australia at the weekly balancing days during August, 1939. A rate of interest fixed by the Treasurer from time to time, and designed to secure that the trading profits of the trading bank shall not exceed the average of its annual trading profits for the three years ended 31st August, 1939, will be payable upon funds in this special account. The trading banks are further required to prepare and publish annual profit and loss accounts and balance sheets according to the specification of the Treasurer. In common with any other person or corporation which accepts deposits of money, they must also furnish statements in respect of business, as required by the Treasurer and the Commonwealth Bank. The Auditor-General is empowered to investigate and report periodically on the accounts, books and transactions of every trading bank.

On 14th March, 1942, by order under the National Security (Economic Organization) Regulations maximum rates of interest on fixed deposits, bank overdrafts, savings bank deposits, loans to local authorities and loans by pastoral companies, life assurance companies, building societies and co-operative societies were fixed.

(ii) State Legislation. The Acts under which the various banks are incorporated differ somewhat. While most of the older banks were incorporated by special Act or Charter, e.g., the Bank of New South Wales, by Act of Council 1817; the Bank of Australasia, by Royal Charter; the Bank of Adelaide, by Act of the South Australian Parliament; and the Bank of New Zealand, by Act of the General Assembly of New Zealand, the newer banks are generally registered under a "Companies Act", or some equivalent Act. This is also the case with those banks which, after the crisis of 1893, were reconstructed. Banks transacting business in any State are obliged, under the existing State laws, to furnish a quarterly statement of their assets and liabilities, and

they have since the year 1908 furnished to the Commonwealth Statistician, under the Census and Statistics Act 1905–1938, quarterly statements which contain the average of the thirteen weekly statements prepared by each bank. These returns form the basis on which the statistics included herein have been compiled.

- 2. Royal Commission on Monetary and Banking Systems.—A Royal Commission was appointed by the Commonwealth Government in November, 1935, to inquire into the monetary and banking systems in operation in Australia and to report whether any, and if so what, alterations were desirable in the interests of the people of Australia as a whole, and the manner in which any such alterations should be effected. The Commission presented its report on 15th July, 1937, and a summary of the recommendations appears in Official Year Book No. 31, p. 1010.
- 3. Presentation of Banking Statistics.—In presenting statistical tabulations relating to average liabilities and assets, it is considered desirable to show the figures for the Commonwealth Bank separately from those of other cheque-paying banks. The aggregate business of all trading banks is, however, given in additional paragraphs. The figures quoted in all cases refer to the average liabilities and assets within the Commonwealth of Australia.
- 4. Banks in Operation, Capital Resources, etc.—(i) Year 1941-42. The paid-up capital of cheque-paying banks, together with their reserve funds, the dividend rate per cent., and the amount of their last dividends are shown in the following table. The information relates to the balance-sheet last preceding 30th September, 1942. It must be noted that in the case of some of the banks the reserve funds are invested in Government securities, while in other cases they are used in the ordinary business of the banks, and in a few instances they are partly invested and partly used in business:—

CHEQUE-PAYING BANKS: CAPITAL RESOURCES, 1941-42.

Bank.	Paid-up Capital.	Reserves.	Balance on Profit and Loss Account, (a)	holders'	Reserve Liability of Share- holders.	Profits for year.	Dividends.
Australian Joint Stock	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
Banks-	-	_		_	_	-	
Bank of New South Wales Commercial Banking	8,780,000	6,150,000	382,250	15,312,250	8,780,000	548,004	526,800
Co. of Sydney Ltd. National Bank of Aus-	4,739,013	4,300,000	296,878	9,335,891	4,739,012	352,162	355,426
tralasia Ltd Commercial Bank of	5,000,000	3,300,000	263,336	8,563,336	1,800,000	269,759	275,000
Australia Ltd Ballarat Banking Co.	4,117,350	2,250,000	223,255	6,590,605		216,813	218,027
Ltd Queensland National	159,000	117,500	12,452	288,952	141,000	11,374	8,745
Bank Ltd Brisbane Permanent	1,750,000	860,000	66,347	2,676,347		87,674	87,500
Building and Banking		ĺ					
Co. Ltd	750,000	220,000	61,107	1,031,107	!	45,297	37,500
Bank of Adelaide	1,250,000	1,000,000		2,316,397		69,519	
Bank of Australasia	4,500,000		363,880	9,363,889	4,500,000		263,625
Union Bank of Australia						1	
Ltd	4,000,000	4,850,000	266,938	9,116,938	8,000,000	188,129	191,333
English, Scottish and				1		1	
Australian Bank Ltd.	3,000,000	3,340,000	425,581	6,765,581	2,000,000	188,892	139,125
Total Australian							
Joint Stock Banks	38,045,363	30,887,500	2,428,430	71,351,293	31,210,012	2,214,636	2,171,831
Other Cheque-paying Banks-						1	
Commonwealth Bank of	Į.		1				
Australia—	i	1				1	
General Bank	4,000,000	3,447,167		7,447,167		526,907	
Rural Credits	2,000,000	421,174		2,421,174		47,385	
Rura! Bank of New South							
Wales (Rural Depart-	ļ		!		1	1	
ment only)(c)	d13,703,255	62,488,929		16,192,184		39,227	
State Bank of South Aus-	1	1	t	ĺ			
tralia (General Depart-	100	1					
ment only)	(f)1,536.899		-00 -	1,536,899		-48.305	
Bank of New Zealand	0,328,125	3,575,000	500,036	10,491,161		420,746	433,057

(a) Includes dividends declared but not paid at date of halance-sheet. (b) Dividends paid and payable out of profits earned during 1941-42. (c) See sub-par. (ii) below. (d) Total stocks and debentures issued including liability in respect of deposits taken over by the Commonwealth Bank Decamber, 1931. (e) Includes £1,577,030 Special Reserve Account established under Section 12 (2) of Rural Bank of New South Wales Act 1932. (f) Capital advanced by Government of South Australia and Sale of Bonds. NOTE.—Minus sign(, -) indicates loss for year.

- (ii) Suspension of Payments, etc.—Particulars of the suspension of payments by the Rural Bank Department of the Government Savings Bank of New South Wales, the amalgamation of this bank with the Commonwealth Savings Bank, the creation of the Rural Bank, and the amalgamations and absorptions of various other banks during the years 1931 to 1933 are given in previous issues of the Official Year Book.
- 5. Commonwealth Bank.—(i) General. A brief account of the foundation of the Commonwealth Bank is given in Nos. 6 to 10 of the Official Year Book. The Bank began operations in the Savings Bank Department in July, 1912, and general banking was commenced in January, 1913. In 1920 the note issue passed to the control of the Bank.

The scope of the Bank was considerably broadened in 1924 when the control was entrusted to a Board of Directors consisting of a Governor, the Secretary to the Treasury and six others "who are or have been actively engaged in agriculture, commerce, finance or industry". Commencing without capital the Bank had accumulated profits amounting to about £4,500,000 in 1924. Of this sum £4,000,000 was transferred to the capital fund of the Bank, and authority was given to increase the capital to £20,000,000. When it was in a position to do so the Board was to fix and publish the rates at which it would discount and rediscount bills of exchange. The trading banks were required to settle their balances by cheques drawn on the Commonwealth Bank, but there was to be no compulsion regarding the amount to be kept; subsequently the banks voluntarily opened accounts with the Commonwealth Bank. All banks were required to furnish to the Treasurer quarterly statements of their average weekly liabilities and assets on a basis similar to that used previously in furnishing statistics to State authorities. No alteration was made regarding the distribution of the profits of the Bank of which, until the establishment of the Mortgage Bank Department, one-half was paid to the Bank Reserve Fund and the other half to the National Debt Sinking Fund. This excluded the net earnings of the Note Issue Department, which were paid to the Consolidated Revenue Fund. Under the terms of the Commonwealth Bank Act, as amended in March, 1943, one-quarter of the profits of the General Bank Department will be paid to the Reserve Fund, one-quarter to the Mortgage Bank Department and one-half to the National Debt Sinking Fund. Of the net profits of the Note Issue Department. £150,000 per annum will be paid to the Mortgage Bank Department and the balance to the Consolidated Revenue Fund. The distribution of the profits of the Savings Bank are not affected by the amendment. Action has not yet been taken to increase the capital of the Bank nor has a discount rate been published.

A Rural Credits Department of the Bank was created by amending legislation in 1925 for the purpose of making short-term credit available for the orderly marketing of primary produce. Portion of the capital for the new department to the extent of £2,000,000 was provided by an annual appropriation of 25 per cent. of the net profits of the note issue. One half of the profits of the Rural Credits Department is paid to Reserve Fund and one half to the Development Fund.

The Commonwealth Bank Act 1927 provided for the separation of the Savings Bank Department from the General Bank and its establishment as a separate institution, and the transfer to the "Commonwealth Savings Bank of Australia" of all assets and liabilities of the Savings Bank Department. The date on which this amending Act became operative was fixed by proclamation as 9th June, 1928. The new institution was to be managed by a Commission consisting of three Commissioners, one of whom was to be a member of the Bank Board but, as appointments to the Commission have not yet been made, the Bank Board still controls the Savings Bank.

The operations of the Bank, which holds in addition to the Commonwealth Government's accounts, those of the States of Victoria (portion only), Queensland, South Australia, Western Australia and Tasmania, and many local governing bodies, have developed towards those of a Central Bank. Since the outbreak of the present war the

Bank has made large advances to finance wheat and other primary products and to assist the war programme of the Commonwealth Government. In addition, it is carrying out special war-time functions in connexion with Monetary and Exchange Control and the raising of War Loans. Since 1st July, 1927, the Bank has published a weekly statement of the accounts of the note issue and general banking departments of the Bank.

(ii) Creation of Mortgage Bank. An amending Act to the Commonwealth Bank Act 1911-1932, assented to on 20th March, 1943, established a Mortgage Bank Department of the Commonwealth Bank. The object is to make long term loans, with reasonable rates of interest and of repayment, to primary producers for uses in connexion with primary production or to discharge prior mortgages or charges. Loans will be secured by mortgages, and will have a duration of between five and forty-one years inclusive. They will not exceed 70 per cent. of the value of the estate or interest in land on which the loans are secured, or £5,000, whichever is the less. Provision is made for the repayment of interest and principal by equal half-yearly instalments of six months' interest together with an amount of not less than one-half of one per cent. of the original amount lent, the balance outstanding, if any, to be paid at the end of the period of the Provision is also made for the repayment of loans before maturity. The capital of the Mortgage Bank Department is not to exceed £4,000,000 and will be derived as follows:—(a) £1,000,000 from the Note Issue Department's special reserve from the sale of gold; (b) one-quarter of the annual net profits of the General Bank Department; and (c) £150,000 per annum from the net profits of the Note Issue Department. Payments from the last two sources will cease when the capital has amounted to £4,000,000. In addition, provision exists for the making of advances by the Commonwealth Bank, the Commonwealth Savings Bank and the Treasurer, who may borrow money for this purpose. The net profits of the Mortgage Bank Department will be credited to a fund to be called the Mortgage Bank Department Reserve Fund.

(iii) Aggregate Profits. Particulars of the aggregate net profits, excluding those of the Note Issue Department, from the initiation of the Bank to the end of each of the last five financial years are as tollows:—

#### COMMONWEALTH BANK: AGGREGATE PROFITS.

	Dete		Aggregate Net Profit to Date.								
D	Date.		General Bank.	Savings Bank.	Rural Credits Department.	Total.					
			£	£	£	£					
30th June,	1938		9,299,154	4,575,896	607,153	14,482,203					
,,	1939		9,655,733	4,892,178	638,733	15,186,644					
,,	1940	••	10,112,526	5,265,119	676,464	16,054,109					
**	1941		10,498,206	5,652,570	724,870	16,875,646					
,,	1942		11,025,113	6,021,324	772,255	17,818,692					

In accordance with the provisions of Sections 30 and 35v of the Bank Act and Section 9 (2) of the National Debt Sinking Fund Act, half of the net profits of the Bank have been placed to the credit of the Bank's Reserve Fund and half to the credit of the National Debt Sinking Fund. Up to 30th June, 1942, the latter fund, as shown in its Summary of Transactions, had benefited to the extent of £5,873,396.

(iv) Liabilities in Australia.—(a) Year 1941-42. The following table gives particulars of the average liabilities in Australia for each quarter of the year 1941-42:—

## COMMONWEALTH BANK OF AUSTRALIA: LIABILITIES, QUARTERLY AVERAGES.(a)

	Bills	Balances	Special War-time		,			
Quarter Ended—	in Circulation.  Circulation.  (b)		Deposits of Other Banks.	Not Bearing Interest.(c)	Bearing Interest.	Total Deposits.	Total Liabilities.	
September, 1941 December, 1941 March, 1942	£'000. 481 616 887 1,136	£'000. 31,821 37,048 37,862 33,076	£'000.  (d) 3,000 27,988 37,286	£'000. 23,429 23,482 26,678 29,816	£'000, 50,324 52,340 55,212 57,132	£'000. 73,753 75,822 81,890 86,948	£'000. 106,055 116,486 148,627 158,446	

<sup>(</sup>a) Excludes Commonwealth Savings Bank. (b) Includes deposits of "Other Cheque-paying Banks". (c) Government "Set-off" Accounts (Interstate) deducted. (d) Approximate.

(b) Quarters ended June, 1938 to 1942. The average liabilities in Australia for the quarter ended June in each of the years 1938 to 1942 are given in the table below:—

## COMMONWEALTH BANK OF AUSTRALIA: AVERAGE LIABILITIES, QUARTERS ENDED JUNE.(a)

	Quarter Taded		Bills	Balances	war-time			*	
Qua	arter En June—	ded	in Circulation. (b)		Deposits of Other Banks.	Not Bearing Interest.(c)	Bearing Interest.	Total Deposits.	Total Liabilities.
			£'000.	£'000.	£'000.	£'000.	£'000.	£'000.	£'000.
1938			315	19,404		18,505	45,257	63,762	83,481
1939			351	18,746		18,127	43,275	61,402	1 80,499
1940			59 <b>7</b>	28,968		30,054	50,169	80,223	109,788
1941			545	29,079		28,699	55,150	83,849	113,473
1942	• •		1,136	33,076	37,286	29,816	57,132	86,948	158,446

<sup>(</sup>a) Excludes Commonwealth Savings Bank. (b) Includes deposits of "Other Cheque-paying Banks." (c) Government "Set-off" Accounts (Interstate) deducted.

(v) Assets in Australia. (a) Year 1941-42. The average assets in Australia for each quarter of the year 1941-42 were as follows:—

#### COMMONWEALTH BANK OF AUSTRALIA: ASSETS, QUARTERLY AVERAGES.(a)

Quarter Ended—	Coin.	Bullion.	Austra- lian Notes.	Govern- ment and Municipal Securities. (b)	Landed and House Property.	Balances Due from Other Banks.	Notes and Bills of Other Banks.	Advances, Discounts, Overdrafts, and all other Assets (not including Contingent Assets).c d	Total Assets.
September, 1941 December, 1941 March, 1942 June, 1942	£'000. 722 573 574 557	£'000. 984 1,127 2,173 2,370	£'000. 2,209 2,336 2,656 3,159	£'000. 51,333 65,058 89,402 100,057	£'000. 511 485 489 491	£'000. 1,325 1,406 2,416 2,035	£'000. 168 162 262 567	£'000. 23,780 23,444 34,449 32 I29	£'000. 81,032 95,564 132,421 141,365

<sup>(</sup>a) Excludes Commonwealth Savings Bank. loans in Australia other than Treasury Bills.

<sup>(</sup>b) Includes Treasury Bills. (c) Includes short-term (d) Government "Set-off" Accounts (Interstate) deducted.

(b) Quarters ended June 1938 to 1942. Particulars of the average assets in Australia for the quarter ended June in each of the last five years are given in the following table:—

## COMMONWEALTH BANK OF AUSTRALIA: AVERAGE ASSETS, QUARTERS ENDED JUNE.( $\alpha$ )

Qua Enc Jun	ded	Coin.	Bullion.	Austra- lian Notes.	Govern- ment and Municipal Securities. (b)	Landed and House Property.	Balances Due from Other Banks.	Notes and Bills of Other Banks.	Advances, Discounts, Overdrafts, and all other Assets (not including Contingent Assets).(c),(d)	Total Assets.
1938 1939 1940 1941 1942		£'000. 864 1,057 875 847 557	£'000. 353 340 824 679 2,370	£'000. 4,021 3,936 2,569 2,298 3,159	£'000. 41,953 44,935 33,086 37,976 100,057	£'000. 719 694 624 523 491	£'000. 108 122 1,274 1,472 2,035	£'000. 28 43 160 163 567	£'000. 15,160 18,947 37,412 24,626 32,129	£'000. 63,206 70,074 76,824 68,584 141,365

<sup>(</sup>a) Excludes Commonwealth Savings Bank. toans in Australia other than Treasury Bills.

6. Other Cheque-paying Banks.—(i) Liabilities in Australia. (a) Year 1941-42. Particulars of the average liabilities in Australia of "other cheque-paying banks" for each quarter from September, 1941, to June, 1942, are given in the table following:—

#### OTHER CHEQUE-PAYING BANKS: LIABILITIES, QUARTERLY AVERAGES.

	Notes Bills in		Balances		Deposits.		
Quarter Ended—	Circulation not Bearing Interest.	Circulation not Bearing Interest.	Due to Other Banks.	Not Bearing Interest.	Bearing Interest. (a)	Total.	Total Liabilities.
September, 1941 December, 1941 March, 1942 June, 1942	£'000. 167 167 167 167	£'000. 3,513 3,641 3,850 3,954	£'000. 1,007 1,216 1,257 1,116	£'000. 162,286 177,002 190,837 197,260	£'000. 208,085 208,974 207,391 198,514	£'000. 370,371 385,976 398,228 395,774	£'000. 375,058 391,000 403,502 401,011

<sup>(</sup>a) Includes Inscribed Deposit Stock of the E. S. and A. and Queensland National Banks.

(b) Quarters ended June, 1938 to 1942. The next table shows the average liabilities in Australia of "other cheque-paying banks" for the quarter ended June from 1938 to 1942.

### OTHER CHEQUE-PAYING BANKS: AVERAGE LIABILITIES, QUARTERS ENDED JUNE.

Quarter Ended June—		Notes in	Bills in	Balances			Total	
		Circulation not Bearing Interest.	Circulation not Bearing Interest.		Not Bearing Interest.	Bearing Interest. (a)	Total.	Total Liabilities.
		£'000.	£'000.	£'000.	£'000.	£'000.	£'000.	£'000.
1938		167	2,993	1,608	122,539	205,242	327,781	332,549
1939		167	3,098	1,618	122,098	207,286	329,384	334,267
1940		167	3,680	1,170	140,725	218,026	358,751	363,768
1941		167	3,625	1,028	160,944	213,258	374,202	379,022
1942		167	3,954	1,116	197,260	198,514	395,774	401,011

<sup>(</sup>a) Includes Inscribed Deposit Stock of the E. S. and A. and Queensland National Banks.

<sup>(</sup>b) Includes Treasury Bills. (c) Includes short-term (d) Government "Set-off" Account (Interstate) deducted.

(ii) Assets in Australia. (a) Year 1941-42. The average assets in Australia of the banks are shown in the following table:—

#### OTHER CHEQUE-PAYING BANKS: ASSETS, QUARTERLY AVERAGES.

Quarter Ended—	Coin. and Bullion.	Australian Notes and Cash with Common- wealth Bank.	Govern- ment and Municipal Securities. (a)	Special War- time Deposits with Common- wealth Bank.	Landed and House Property.	Balances Due from Other Banks.	Notes and Bills of Other Banks.	Advances,  Discounts, Over- drafts, and all Other Assets. (b)	Total Assets.
Sept., 1941 Dec., 1941 March, 1942 June, 1942	£'000. 2,118 2,117 1,995 1,552	£'000. 38,452 44,019 43,653 38,964	£'000. 98,265 110,867 110,369 98,372	£'000.  3,027 27,947 37,286	£'000. 11,281 11,027 10,987 10,956	£'000. 5,031 5,395 4,564 4,305	£'000. 2,246 2,462 2,563 3,588	£'000. 304,577 299,944 286,748 291,722	£'000. 461,970 478,858 488,826 486,745

<sup>(</sup>a) Includes Treasury Bills.

(b) Quarters ended June, 1938 to 1942. The average assets in Australia of "other cheque-paying banks" for the quarter ended June in each of the years 1938 to 1942 are given below:—

## OTHER CHEQUE-PAYING BANKS: AVERAGE ASSETS, QUARTERS ENDED JUNE.

Quarter Ended June—	Coin and Bullion.	Austra- lian Notes and Cash with Common- wealth Bank.	Govern- ment and Municipal Securities. (a)	Special War- time Deposits with Common- wealth Bank.	Landed and House Property.	Balances Due from Other Banks.	Notes and Bills of Other Banks.	Advances, Discounts, Over- drafts, and all Other Assets. (b)	Total Assets.
1938	£'000. 2,596 3,020 2,206 2,155 1,552	£'000. 31,544 28,110 37,556 35,384 38,964	£'000. 44,888 48,886 85,647 104,952 98,372	£'000.   37,286	£'000. 10,023 10,493 10,950 11,271 10,956	£'000. 2,895 2,776 3,098 4,502 4,305	£'000. 2,229 2,211 2,366 2,560 3,588	305,909	£'000. 402,216 409,236 451,791 466,733 486,745

<sup>(</sup>a) Includes Treasury Bills.
Bills.

- 7. All Cheque-paying Banks.—(i) General. Particulars of the aggregate average liabilities and assets in Australia of all cheque-paying banks in Australia, including the Commonwealth Bank of Australia, are given in the following paragraphs.
- (ii) Liabilities in Australia. (a) Year 1941-42. The average liabilities in Australia of all cheque-paying banks for each quarter of the year 1941-42 were as follows:—

#### ALL CHEQUE-PAYING BANKS: LIABILITIES, QUARTERLY AVERAGES.(a)

	Notes in Circulation.	Bills in	Balances			Total		
Quarter Ended—		Due to Other Banks. (b)	time Deposits of Other Banks.	Not Bearing Interest. (c)	Bearing Interest. (d)	Total Deposits.	Liabili- ties.	
September, 1941 December, 1941 March, 1942 June, 1942	£'000. 167 167 167 167	£'000. 3,994 4,257 4,737 5,090	£'000. 32,828 38,264 39,119 34,192	£'000.  (e) 3,000 27,988 37,286	£'000, 185,715 200,484 217,515 227,076	£'000. 258,409 261,314 262,603 255,646	£'000. 444,124 461,798 480,118 482,722	£'000. 481,113 507,486 552,129 559,457

<sup>(</sup>a) Excludes Commonwealth Savings Bank.

(b) Includes other than special war-time deposits of other Cheque-paying Banks with Commonwealth Bank.

(c) Government "Set-off" Accounts, Interstate (Commonwealth Bank) deducted.

(d) Includes Inscribed Deposit Stock of the E. S. and A. and Queensland National Banks.

(e) Approximate.

<sup>(</sup>b) Includes short-term loans in Australia other than Treasury Bills.

<sup>(</sup>b) Includes short-term loans in Australia other than Treasury

(b) Quarters ended June, 1938 to 1942. The next table shows the average liabilities in Australia for the quarter ended June from 1938 to 1942.

## ALL CHEQUE-PAYING BANKS: AVERAGE LIABILITIES, QUARTERS ENDED JUNE.(a)

Quarter	Notes			Special War-time		Deposits.		m.4-3
Ended June—	in Circula- tion.	Circula- tion.	due to Other Banks. (b)	Deposits of Other Banks.	Not Bearing Interest.(c)	Bearing Interest.(d)	Total.	Total Liabilities.
1938 1939 1940 1941	£'000. 167 167 167 167	£'000. 3,308 3,449 4,277 4,170 5,090	£'000. 21,012 20,363 30,138 30,107 34,192	£'000.    37,286	£'000. 141,044 140,226 170,778 189,643 227,076	£'000. 250,499 250,561 268,196 268,408 255,646	£'000. 391,543 390,787 438,974 458,051 482,722	£'000. 416,030 414,766 473,556 492,495 559,457

<sup>(</sup>a) Excludes Commonwealth Savings Bank. (b) Includes other than special war-time deposits of other Cheque-paying Banks with Commonwealth Bank. (c) Government "Set-off" Accounts, Interstate (Commonwealth Bank) deducted. (d) Includes Inscribed Deposit Stock of the E. S. and A. and Queensland National Banks.

(iii) Assets in Australia. (a) Year 1941-42. Particulars of the average assets in Australia for each quarter of the year 1941-42, are given in the following table:—

#### ALL CHEQUE-PAYING BANKS: ASSETS, QUARTERLY AVERAGES.(a)

Quarter Ended—	Coin. and Bullion.	Australian Notes and Cash with Common- wealth Bank.	Govern- ment and Municipal Securities. (b)	Special War- time Deposits with Common- wealth Bank.	Landed and House Property.	Balances Due from Other Banks.	Notes and Bills of Other Banks.	Advances, Discounts, Over-drafts, and all other Assets (not including Contingent Assets). (c) (d)	Total Assets.
Sept., 1941 Dec., 1941 March, 1942 June, 1942	£'000. 3,824 3,797 4,742 4,479	£'000, 40,661 46,355 46,309 42,123	£'000. 149,598 176,825 199,771 198,429	£'000. 3,027 27,947 37,286	£'000. 11,792 11,515 11,476	£'000. 6,356 6,891 6,980 6,340	£'000, 2,414 2,624 2,825 4,155	£'000. 328,357 323,388 321,197 323,851	£'000. 543,002 574 422 621,247 628,110

<sup>(</sup>a) Excludes Commonwealth Savings Bank. loans in Australia other than Treasury Bills. wealth Bank) deducted.

(b) Quarters ended June, 1938 to 1942. The average assets in Australia for the quarter ended June in each of the years 1938 to 1942 were as follows:—

#### ALL CHEQUE-PAYING BANKS: AVERAGE ASSETS, QUARTERS ENDED JUNE.(a)

Quarter ended June—	Coin and Bullion,	Australian Notes and Cash with Common- wealth Bank.	Govern- ment and Municipal Securities. (b)	with	Landed and House Property.	Balances Due from Other Banks.	Notes and Bills of Other Banks.	Advances and all Other Assets. (c) (d)	Total Assets.
1938 1939 1940 1941	£'000. 3,814 4,417 3,906 3,681 4,479	£'000. 35,564 32,046 40,125 37,682 42,123	£'000. 86,840 93,821 118,733 142,928 198,429	£'000.	£'000. 10,743 11,187 11,574 11,794 11,447	£'000. 3,003 2,898 4,371 5,974 6,340	£'000. 2,257 2,254 2,526 2,723 4,155	£'000. 323,201 332,688 347,380 330,535 323,851	£'000. 465,422 479,311 528,615 535,317 628,110

<sup>(</sup>a) Excludes Commonwealth Savings Bank.
(b) Includes Treasury Bills. (c) Short-term loans in Australia other than Treasury Bills included. (d) Government "Set-off" Accounts, Interstate (Commonwealth Bank) deducted.

<sup>(</sup>b) Includes Treasury Bills. (c) Includes short-term. (d) Government "Set-off" Accounts, Interstate (Common-

- (iv) Cash Reserve Ratios. The following table shows for the quarter ended June of each of the years 1933 to 1942 the percentages of cash on liabilities "at call" and "total liabilities" respectively for the Commonwealth Bank and the other cheque-paying banks. These percentages relate throughout to business within Australia.
- (a) Commonwealth Bank. Cash reserves comprise coin, bullion and Australian notes. "Call" liabilities comprise deposits not bearing interest and balances due to other banks. For the quarter ended June, 1942, percentages have been calculated by using (i) a "call" figure which includes special war-time deposits; and (ii) a "call" figure which excludes them.
- (b) Other Cheque-paying Banks. Cash reserves comprise coin, bullion, Australian notes and cash with the Commonwealth Bank, while "call" liabilities include deposits not bearing interest and notes in circulation. For the quarter ended June, 1942, percentages have been calculated by using (i) a "cash" figure, which includes special war-time deposits with the Commonwealth Bank; and (ii) a "cash" figure, which excludes this item. Particulars relating to the Rural Bank of New South Wales have been excluded in all cases.

It is not strictly correct to assume that a division of deposits with cheque-paying banks into those bearing interest and not bearing interest would in all cases coincide with a definite division into fixed deposits and current accounts respectively, but in the absence of the data required to permit of an accurate apportionment, such a division has been adopted for the purposes of this analysis.

				On Liabilities	"At Call".	On Total Liabilities.		
	Quarter Ended	June		Commonwealth Bank.	Other Cheque- paying Banks. (a)	Commonwealth Bank.	Other Cheque- paying Banks. (a)	
				%	%	%	%	
1933				21.9	46.2	10.1	14.6	
1934				14.2	52.5	9.1	17.4	
1935				16.4	36.1	8.4	12.9	
1936				21.7	28.1	10.0	10.3	
1937				12.8	32.1	6.6	12.0	
1938				13.8	27.7	6.3	10.2	
1939				14.5	25.4	6.6	9.3	
1940				7.2	28.1	3.9	10.9	
1941				6.6	23.0	3.4	9.7	
1942	• •	••	••	$ \begin{cases} 6.1b \\ 9.7c \end{cases} $	39.3b $20.3c$	3.8	$ \begin{cases} 19.3b \\ 10.0c \end{cases} $	

CHEQUE-PAYING BANKS: CASH RESERVE RATIOS.

For the Commonwealth Bank and other cheque-paying banks, "Advances" are represented by the item "Advances, discounts, overdrafts, and all other assets (not including contingent assets)", which are combined with "Government and Municipal

<sup>(</sup>a) Excludes Rural Bank of New South Wales. (b) Includes particulars of special war-time deposits. See (iv) (a) and (b) above. (c) Excludes particulars of special war-time deposits. See (iv) (a) and (b) above.

<sup>(</sup>v) Advances, and Advances and Securities. Percentage on Total Deposits. The percentages of advances, and of advances and securities on total deposits, respectively for the Commonwealth Bank, the other cheque-paying banks, and for all cheque-paying banks, are shown in the following table. The data on which the percentages are based relate only to business within Australia.

Securities" (including Treasury Bills) under the heading "Advances and Securities". "Deposits" include deposits of all kinds except those of other cheque-paying banks with the Commonwealth Bank, i.e., "Cash with Commonwealth Bank" and "Special Wartime Deposits".

In computing the percentages in this table, particulars relating to the Rural Bank of New South Wales have been excluded.

CHEQUE-PAYING BANKS: PERCENTAGE OF ADVANCES, AND ADVANCES AND SECURITIES ON TOTAL DEPOSITS.

		Advanc	es on Total D	eposits.	Advances and Securities on Total Deposits.				
Quarter Ended June—		Common- wealth Bank.	Other Cheque- paying Banks.(a)	Total.(a)	Common- wealth Bank.	Other Cheque- paying Banks.(a)	Total.(a)		
		%	%	%	%	%	%		
1933		18.0	85.3	77.0	137.2	104.1	108.2		
1934		16.9	79.9	72.4	128.2	97.2	100.9		
1935		16.4	87.1	77.8	113.2	104.7	105.8		
1936		20.6	90.2	80.9	108.3	105.2	105.6		
1937	• •	20.9	83.8	74.6	101.4	97.8	98.3		
1938		27.1	89.4	78.8	90.0	102.8	100.7		
1939		30.9	90.9	81.4	104.0	105.5	105.2		
1940		46.6	82.2	75 - 7	87.9	105.9	102.6		
1941		29.4	77.8	68.9	74 - 7	105.7	0.001		
1942		37.0	70.0	64.0	152.0	94 - 7	105.1		

<sup>(</sup>a) Excludes Rural Bank of New South Wales.

(vi) Deposits per head of Population. Particulars of the average deposits per head of population are given for the quarter ended June of each of the last five years in the following table. The figures given, which are based on the aggregate for all cheque-paying banks in each State, are not adjusted on account of the Government "set-off" accounts of the Commonwealth Bank.

ALL CHEQUE-PAYING BANKS: DEPOSITS(a) PER HEAD OF POPULATION.

Quarter Ended June—		N.S.W.(b)	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tasmania.	Nor. Terr.	Total.
1938 1939 1940 1941		£ 54.3 54.9 62.0 63.5 63.2	£ 72.1 70.3 79.3 82.8 88.2	£ 51.1 49.8 50.9 53.1 57.6	£ 49.6 49.2 51.6 53.5 60.9	£ 46.4 43.5 47.4 52.6 57.7	£ 39.9 42.5 42.1 43.1 46.7	£ 41.5 40.5 54.1 53.4 84.6	£ 57.2 56.6 62.4 65.0 68.2

<sup>(</sup>a) Excludes deposits with Commonwealth Savings Bank. Territory.

<sup>(</sup>b) Includes Australian Capital

<sup>(</sup>vii) Proportion of Non-Interest Bearing Deposits to Total Deposits. The following table shows for each State the proportion of non-interest bearing deposits to the total deposits with all cheque-paying banks during the quarter ended June of each of the years 1938 to 1942. Government "set-off" accounts of the Commonwealth Bank have been deducted in arriving at the percentage for all States combined.

1939

1940

1941

1942

	DEPOSITS(a) TO TOTAL DEPOSITS.											
Quarter ended June—	N.S.W.(b)	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tasmania.	Nor. Terr.	Total.				
	-	<b> </b>			j	ļ ———						
1938	% 40.5	% 31.7	% 40.4	% 27.8	% 40.3	% 37·4	% 65.1	% 36.0				

28.7

28.9

30.8

38.2

41.7

39.3

39.6

47.6

#### ALL CHEQUE-PAYING BANKS: PROPORTION OF NON-INTEREST

(a) Excludes deposits with Commonwealth Savings Bank. Territory.

30.7

35.8

38.1

43.6

41.0

40.5

43.I

47.6

39.3

42.8

47.0

53.6

. .

. .

. .

69.7 (b) Includes Australian Capital

65.6

72.3

71.0

35.9

38.9

41.4

47.0

43.3

41.8

44.I

48.2

8. Deposit Rates.—Particulars of interest rates for deposits since 1932 are given hereunder. It should be mentioned that the rates allowed by the Commonwealth Bank have not always been the same as those given by the other trading banks.

#### BANK DEPOSIT RATES.

			Deposit	s for—	
Dates from which rate	s operated.	Three Months.	Six Months.	Twelve Months.	Two Years.
	,	 Per cent. per annum.	Per cent. per annum.	Per cent. per annum.	Per cent.
7th February, 1933 12th April, 1934		 2½ 2½ 2½ 2¼ 2 2	3 3 24 21 22 24	3½ 3½ 3½ 3 2½ 2½	4 3½ 3½ 3 2¾
9th August, 1934		 1½ 1½ 1 2 134	2\frac{1}{4} 2 1\frac{1}{2} 2\frac{1}{2} 2\frac{1}{4}	212 24 24 24 24 -22	21/2 21/2 21/2 3 24/4
28th May, 1940 22nd September, 1941 14th March, 1942 (d)		 1 ½ 1 ½ 1 ½	2 1 $\frac{3}{4}$ 1 $\frac{1}{2}$	2 1 2 1 3 4 1 3 4 1 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2 ½ 2 ½ 2 ½ 2

<sup>(</sup>a) All Banks did not take simultaneous action. (b) Bank of New South Wales reduced the rates for 6, 12 and 24 months terms by one-quarter of 1 per cent. from 23rd August, 1932. (c) Commonwealth Bank only. Bank of New South Wales from 2nd March and Bank of Adelaide from 3rd March, 1936. (d) Rates operating from 11th August, 1944, were 1, 2, 11 and 12 per cent respectively.

The "Premiers' Plan" included, inter alia, provisions for the reduction of bank rates of interest on both deposits and advances.

<sup>9.</sup> Clearing House Returns.—(i) Annual Clearings. Particulars of the aggregate bank clearings for each capital city compiled from information supplied by the Commonwealth Bank, Sydney, are given in the following table. Since October, 1929, transactions connected with the issue and redemption of Treasury Bills have resulted in largely inflated clearings. These transactions are of an abnormal character, and for the years 1938 to 1942 are shown separately. A weekly average of bank clearings is published in the Monthly Review of Business Statistics and the Quarterly Summary of Australian Statistics.

CLEARING HOUSE RETURNS: VALUE OF BILLS, CHEQUES, ETC., 1870 TO 1942.

Year.	Sydney.	Melbourne.	Brisbane.	Adelaide.	Perth.	Hobart.	Total.
	£'000.	£'000.	£'000.	£'000.	£'000.	£'000.	£'000.
1870 (a)		64,532	• • •		1		64,532
1880 (a)		85,877	• •				85,877
1890		315,190		• • •	: ··		315,190
1895	108,509	130,787			• • •		239,296 304,029
1900	144,080	159,949	''				304,029
1905	189,826	187,632	32,255				409,713
1910	274,344	261,383	61,060	60,950		i	596,787 814,339
1915	357,803 764,546	2 <b>99,</b> 295 725,006	160,539	166,011	80,758	::	1,896,860
1925	909,114	803,083	192,968	171,092	101,085	25,557	2,202,899
1930 (b)	872,390	697,641	167,999	125,684	89,034	23,092	1,975,840
1934 (b)	716,084	676,407	165,555	118,656	84,628	22,463	1,783,793
1935 (b)	775,986	724,327	181,889	132,689	94,705	24,713	1,934,309
1936 (b)	842,610	755,196	188,906	139,959	101,880	27,665	2,056,216
1937 (b)	937,334	844,488	204,493	157,596	104,891	29,874	2,278,676
1938—						į	
Ordinary Trans-	0.0.00	929 622		150 015		20.786	0.007 1.50
actions Treasury Bill	942,423	838,609	217,217	159,015	109,102	30,786	2,297,152
Transactions	269,264	40,655					309,919
Total	1,211,687	879,264	217,217	159,015	109,102	30,786	2,607,071
1939—							
Ordinary Trans-		1		}			
actions	932,367	812,563	222,988	152,334	107,089	33,898	2,261,239
Treasury Bill Transactions	.0-00.	50.68					225.050
	285,884	52,068					337,952
Total	1,218,251	864,631	222,988	152,334	107,089	33,898	2,599,191
1940		İ					
Ordinary Trans		080-	0.55 206		***	36,662	06.55
actions Treasury Bill	1,074,825	985,407	251,326	179,314	119,989	30,002	2,647,523
Treasury Bill Transactions	289,677	28,830					318,507
Total	1,364,502	1,014,237	251,326	179,314	119,989	36,662	2,966,030
	73-173			-73,3-4		3-7	
Ordinary Trans-							
actions	1,139,353	1,096,037	243,937	195,757	116,565	36,469	2,828,118
Treasury Bill Transactions	268,003	31,870					299,873
Total	1,407,356		243,937	195,757	116,565	36,469	3,127,991
	-,407,330		-43,337	-93:137			3,127,1991
Ordinary Trans							
Ordinary Transactions	1,248,500	1 262 860	275,639	220,475	125,116	40,385	2 172 084
Treasury Bill	1,240,500	1,203,009	~/3,039	-20,4/3	125,110	40,305	3,173,984
Transactions	272,495	17,085					289,580
Total	1,520,995	1.280.954	275,639	220,475	125,116	40,385	3,463,564

<sup>(</sup>a) Figures now published for these years exclude payments in coin. Bill transactions since their introduction in 1929.

<sup>(</sup>b) Excludes Treasury

<sup>3280.-17</sup> 

(ii) Index of Annual Clearings. The following index of bank clearings in each capital city for the years 1930 and 1934 to 1942 has been computed from the figures in the previous paragraph. The base used is the average of the years 1927 to 1929. Clearings connected with the issue and redemption of Treasury Bills have been disregarded and no adjustment has been made on account of amalgamations of banking interests.

#### INDEX OF BANK CLEARINGS, 1930 TO 1942.

(Base: Average of Years 1927 to 1929 = 1,000.)

Year.		Sydney.	Melbourne.	Brisbane.	Adelaide.	Perth.	Hobart.	Total.
1927-29		1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
1930 1934 1935 1936		841 690 748 812 904	872 845 905 944 1,055	861 849 933 969 1,049	743 701 784 827 931	789 750 839 903 929	841 818 900 1,007 1,088	
1938 1939 1940 1941	••	909 899 1,036 1,098 1,204	1,048 1,015 1,231 1,370 1,580	1,114 1,143 1,289 1,251 1,413	940 900 1,060 1,157 1,303	967 949 1,063 1,033 1,109	1,121 1,234 1,335 1,328 1,470	981 966 1,130 1,208 1,355

10. Rates of Exchange.—(i) Australia on London. The following statement gives particulars of the various rates of exchange, Australia on London, in operation since 10th March, 1930. In earlier issues particulars were given of the rates in operation since 16th October, 1913. The details given show the value in Australia of £100 in London according to the rates quoted by the Associated Banks for buying and selling £100 in London on telegraphic transfer. In December, 1931, the Commonwealth Bank Board undertook the responsibility of regulating sterling exchange and announcing rates each week.

RATES OF EXCHANGE: AUSTRALIA ON LONDON, TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFER, FROM 10th MARCH, 1930.

				Exchange.							
	Date on which Rate began to operate.		London.	Australia (Mean of Buying and Selling Rates).				Buying s).	Commission for £100 (Sterling).		
			£ sterling	£		£	8.	d.		đ.	
10th March, 1930		[	100	100	plus	3	16	3	; 6	3	
24th March, 1930		[	• •	,,	,,	6	6	3	3	9	
9th October, 1930		1	• •	,,	**	8	15	0	. 5	0	
6th January, 1931		1		,,	,,	15	6	3	3	9	
13th January, 1931	• •		••	,,	**	18	3	9	3	9	
17th January, 1931				,,	.,	25	5	o	5	0	
29th January, 1931				,,	,,	30	5	0	5	o	
3rd December, 1931		}		,,	,,	25	5	0	1 5	0	

<sup>·</sup> The "Commission" which represents the banks' "turn" on each £100 sterling exchanged has been computed by taking half the difference between the buying and selling rates.

(ii) Sterling-Dollar Rates. The average of the daily quotations of the London-New York exchange rates are given for each month from January, 1937, to December, 1942, in the following table:—

STERLING-DOLLAR RATES: AVERAGE RATE FOR EACH MONTH.

Month.	1937.	1938.	1939.	1940.	1941.	1942.
January February March April May June	 \$ to £ Stg. 4.908 4.894 4.885 4.916 4.939 4.935	\$ to £ Stg. 5.000 5.018 4.985 4.979 4.965 4.960	\$ to £ Stg. 4.669 4.686 4.686 4.681 4.682 4.683	\$ to £ Stg. 4.030 4.030 4.030 4.030 4.030 4.030	\$ to £ Stg. 4.030 4.030 4.030 4.030 4.030 4.030	\$ to £ Stg. 4.030 4.030 4.030 4.030 4.030 4.030
July August September October November December	 4.967 4.983 4.954 4.956 4.994 4.997	4.931 4.881 4.805 4.768 4.710 4.671	4.682 4.610 4.046 4.030 4.030 4.030	4.030 4.030 4.030 4.030 4.030 4.030	4.030 4.030 4.030 4.030 4.030 4.030	4.030 4.030 4.030 4.030 4.030 4.030

(iii) Interstate. Exchange rates between the several capital cities of the States at 30th June, 1942, were as follows:—

INTERSTATE EXCHANGE RATES, 30th JUNE, 1942.

	And								
Between—	New South Wales.	Victoria.	Brisbane and adjacent towns	South Australia.	Perth and all but distant towns.	Tas- mania.			
Sydney and New South Wales towns Melbourne and Victorian towns Brisbane and adjacent towns Adelaide and South Australian towns Perth and all but distant towns Hobart and Tasmanian towns	Rate per cent. 8. d	Rate per cent.  8. d. 2 6 5 0 2 6 5 0 2 6	Rate per cent.  8. d. 2 6 5 0 7 6 10 0 7 6	Rate per cent.  8. d. 5 0 2 6 7 6 2 6 5 0	Rate per cent.  8. d. 7 6 5 0 10 0 2 6	Rate per cent.  8. d. 5. 0 2. 6 7. 6 5. 0 7. 6			

#### § 2. Savings Banks.

1. General.—The inauguration of Savings Banks in Australia dates from 1819, when a private Savings Bank was opened in Sydney. In 1832 the legislature created "the Savings Bank of New South Wales" under the control of trustees, and shortly after its establishment the funds of the private Savings Bank were transferred to the new institution. In the other States provision for placing deposits with Savings Banks dates from 1841 in Victoria; 1854 in Queensland; 1840 in South Australia; 1863 in Western Australia (a Savings Bank was opened in 1856 but was closed a year later); 1835 in Launceston; and 1845 in Hobart. These early banks functioned as trustee Savings Banks, but, with the exception of the Hobart and Launceston institutions, were later absorbed by or amalgamated with Government Savings Banks.

Post Office Savings Banks were established in all States except South Australia dating from 1863 onwards. Since the Federation of the Australian States in 1900 Post Offices were controlled by the Commonwealth Government, but they continued to act as Savings Bank agencies for State institutions until the establishment of the Commonwealth Bank in 1912, and now act as agents for that institution.

Savings Banks at present operating are the Commonwealth Savings Bank (all States); State Savings Bank of Victoria; State Savings Bank of South Australia; and the two Trustee Banks—Hobart and Launceston.

- 2. The Commonwealth Savings Bank.—The Commonwealth Savings Bank opened for business in Victoria on 15th July, 1912; in Queensland on 16th September, 1912; in the Northern Territory on 21st October, 1912; and in New South Wales, South Australia and Western Australia on 13th January, 1913. The Tasmanian State Savings Bank was absorbed by the Commonwealth Bank in January, 1913, the Queensland State Savings Bank was taken over in 1920 and the New South Wales and Western Australian State Savings Banks in 1931. The Savings Bank Department was separated from the General Bank on 9th June, 1928, and has since then operated independently, publishing its own balance-sheets and profit and loss accounts.
- 3. Recent Amalgamations.—Particulars relating to the absorption by the Commonwealth Savings Bank of the Government Savings Banks of New South Wales, and the State Savings Bank of Western Australia are given in Official Year Book, No. 29.
- 4. Extension of Facilities.—The prime object of the foundation of Savings Banks in Australia was the encouragement of thrift, deposits of one shilling and upwards being accepted; nevertheless the facilities offered, while preserving the original object, have led to developments in another direction. Although depositors may not operate on their accounts by means of cheques, they have practically all the other advantages of a current account in addition to receiving interest on their minimum monthly balances, while no charge is made by the banks for keeping the accounts.
- 5. Classification of Depositors' Balances.—The classification of deposits published by Savings Banks does not permit of a fully detailed analysis with respect to Australia as a whole, but information supplied to the Royal Commission on Monetary and Banking Systems for all Savings Banks except the Hobart Trustee Savings Bank shows that at 30th June, 1936, the amount on deposit in accounts with balances of less than £100 represented 21 per cent. of the total deposits; balances of over £100 but under £250, 21 per cent.; over £250 but under £300, 23 per cent.; over £500 but under £1,000, 25 per cent.; while those of over £1,000 accounted for 10 per cent. School, Penny Bank and small inoperative accounts were excluded in determining the above percentages.
- 6. Number of Accounts.—At 30th June, 1942, the number of Savings Bank accounts in existence were as follows:—Commonwealth Savings Bank—Operative, 2,542,759; Inoperative, 1,446,553; State and Trustee Savings Banks—Operative, 1,627,927; Inoperative, 598,124. Generally, Inoperative Accounts are those with balances of less than £1 which have not been operated on for a period of two years. It should be noted that the figures above relate to the number of accounts and not necessarily to the number of depositors.
- 7. Rates of Interest on Deposits.—The "Premiers' Plan" of 1931 provided, interalia, for the reduction of bank rates of interest on deposits and advances. The Commonwealth Savings Bank reduced the rate of interest on depositors' balances by one per cent. from 1st July, 1931, and the other Savings Banks subsequently took similar action. The statements given hereunder show the rates of interest allowed at 30th June, 1935 to 1942 by State or Trustee Banks and by the Commonwealth Bank.

The table hereunder refers to interest rates allowed by State Savings Banks:—STATE AND TRUSTEE SAVINGS BANKS: INTEREST RATES ON DEPOSITS.

Pas	rticular	1.		State	Savings Bank	3.	Trustee Sav	rings Banks.
- 4	CLOCAMA	•	Victo	oria.	South Aus	tralia. (a)	Hobart.	Launceston.
					£r,c	000.		
Interest	bearing	Limit.	£1,0	00.	£1 to £500.	£501 to £1,000.	£300.	£300.
Rates at	30th	Juno—	%		%	%	%	%
1935			2;	$2\frac{1}{2}(b)$	23/4	2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 1/2	23; 3 (c)	23; 3 (c)
1936			2;	$2\frac{1}{2}(b)$	23	2 🖁	23; 3 (c)	2₹; 3 (c)
1937			2;	$2\frac{1}{2}(b)$	284 2484 284 294	$2\frac{1}{2}$	$3; 3\frac{1}{4}(c)$	$3; 3\frac{1}{4}(c)$
1938	• •	• •	2;	$2\frac{1}{2}(b)$	2 3	2 <del>]</del>	3; 3½ (c)	3;3½(c)
1939			2;	$2\frac{1}{2}(b)$	3 (d); 23 (e)	$2\frac{1}{2}$ $2\frac{1}{4}$ $2\frac{1}{4}$	3; 3½ (c)	3; 3½ (c)
1940			2;	$2\frac{1}{2}(b)$	$2\frac{3}{4}(d)$ ; $2\frac{1}{2}(e)$	2 ½	$3; 3\frac{1}{4}(c)$	3; 3½ (c)
1941	• •		2;	$2\frac{1}{2}(b)$	$2\frac{1}{2}$	2 1	23; 31 (c)	$2\frac{3}{4}$ ; $3\frac{1}{4}$ (c)
1942			$2(f)$ $1\frac{1}{2}(g)$	); 1½ (b)	21/4	13	21	21

(a) Interest on deposits in accounts closed during the year is generally allotted at a lower rate than that applicable to accounts remaining open.

(b) Deposit stock.

(c) Deposits fixed for twelve months.

(d) On balances up to £200.

(e) On balances £201 to £500.

(f) On balances £1

Particulars regarding the rates allowed by the Commonwealth Savings Bank are shown in the following table :—  $\,$ 

COMMONWEALTH SAVINGS BANK: INTEREST RATES ON DEPOSITS.

		Rate at 30	th June—			£1 to £500.	£501 to £1,300.(a)
				•		%	% 13 13 13
1935						2	13
1936						2	13/2
1937						2	13
1938	• •	• •		• •		2	1 \$\frac{1}{2}\$.
1939						2	134 137 137
1940						2	13
1941						2	13
1942						2	11

<sup>(</sup>a) Up to 1941 the interest-bearing limit in all States except Queensland was £1,300. In Queensland it was £2,000. The limit since 1942 is £1,000 in all States.

On 1st July, 1932, a reduction of one-quarter of one per cent. in the rate of interest allowed on deposits became effective, followed by a similar reduction from 1st November, 1932. Further reductions of one-quarter of one per cent. operated from 1st June, 1934, and 1st January, 1935, respectively.

From 7th April, 1942, in relation to the Savings Bank of South Australia, and from 1st April, 1942, in relation to every other savings bank, rates of interest on deposits were fixed under National Security Regulations.

For the Commonwealth Savings Banks and the State Savings Bank of Victoria maximum rates were fixed at 2 per cent. on the first £500 and 1½ per cent. on any further balance up to £1,000. On balances in excess of £1,000 no interest is to be paid, except in respect of friendly societies and similar bodies where it has been the custom to pay interest on the full balance. The rate of 2 per cent. is allowed in these cases. Maximum rates for other savings banks were fixed at one-quarter per cent. higher than those for the Commonwealth Savings Bank and the State Savings Bank of Victoria.

- 8. Statistical Returns.—Commencing from July, 1931, monthly returns have been furnished by Savings Bank authorities, and the collated data are disseminated in the form of monthly press notices. In addition, the particulars are published in the Quarterly Summary of Australian Statistics and the Monthly Review of Business Statistics. The information given in the following paragraphs relates to the deposits at 30th June in each year. For convenience of reference the information has been grouped under the following headings:—
  - (i) All Savings Banks;(ii) Commonwealth Savings Banks;and (iii) State (including Trustee Banks in Tasmania) Savings Banks.
- 9. All Savings Banks.—(i) Returns for Year 1941-42. The following statement gives details of the business transacted by all Savings Banks for the year 1941-42:—

ALL SAVINGS BANKS: PARTICULARS, 1941-42.

State or Territory.	Amount on Deposit at 30th June, 1941.	Excess of Deposits over Withdrawals during year.	Interest Added during year.	Amount on Deposit at 30th June, 1942.
New South Wales Victoria Queensland South Australia Western Australia Tasmania Northern Territory Australian Capital Territory	85,689,007 29,089,008 27,509,705 12,521,151 8,941,348 356,590	£ 5,248,247 6,997,451 1,612,993 2,465,525 1,077,100 326,146 -357,339 7,592	£ 1,539,529 1,539,177 512,437 640,761 222,888 204,285 749 6,441	£  194,537,932 94,225,635 31,214,438 30,525,991 13,821,139 9,471,779 (b) 387,848
Total	252,230,780	17,377,715	4,666,267	274,274,762

<sup>(</sup>a) Includes deposits transferred from Papua and Territory of New Guinea Branches. (b) Transferred to South Australia.

(ii) Deposits—(a) Years 1938 to 1942. The following table shows for all Savings Banks the amount at credit of depositors and the average deposits per head of population at 30th June, 1938 to 1942:—

ALL SAVINGS BANKS: DEPOSITS.

		<u> </u>												-					7								
30th June.		.s.v	v. :	Vi	cto	ria.	Q	'lan	d.	s.	Αt	ıst.	W	. At	ıst.		Tas	3.	N	. <b>T</b> e	err.	A	L.C.	T.	7	Fota	1.
	<u>                                     </u>									i		Гот	AL.			<u></u>		_				.! 		-	<u>.                                    </u>		
		£	1		£			£			£			£			£			£			£			£	
1938						,000		206	,457			,657								7,9					240,		
1939			789	80,	461	,051			,712			,028								8,8			8,8		245		
1940			900			,353			,873			,288								1,9			0,2		236		
1941			156			,007		089	,008			,705								56,5	90		73,8		252	,230	,780
1942		537, (a)	932	94,	225	,635	31,	214	,438	30,	615	,991	13,8	21,	139	.9,4 I	71,	779		(b)		38	7,8	<sub>1</sub> 8	274	274	<b>,7</b> 6:
							]	Pef	н	EAL	0	FР	OPT	LA'	rio	N.			_					_			
	£	8.	d.	£	8.	d.	£		d.	£	8.	d.	£	8.				d.				£	ε.	a.	£	8.	d.
1938	31		9	42	4	II	28		4	45	19	II	26							15		25	5	II	34	17	7
1939	31	16	11	42	15		28	II	6	45	19	9	26	12	8	35	9	7	15	19	4	26	9	0	35	5	7
1940	29	II	9	41	11	6	27	10	7	44	7	II	25	7	О	35	11	10	24	5	7	27	10	7	33	14	2
1941	31	7	5	44	4	2	28	I	3	45	17	10	26	14		37	9	1	35		7	27	14	10		10	3
1942	a33	8		47	17	2	30	I	6	49	13	Q	29	7	R	39	9	6	i	(b)		31	7	- 8	38	4	7

(a) See note (a) above.

(b) See note (b) above.

For a number of years prior to the depression deposits were steadily rising and at 30th September, 1929, the aggregate amount was £225,963,165. As the depression developed withdrawals were heavy and the amount on deposit declined to £193,375,397

in June, 1931. (The lowest point, although not actually recorded, was probably reached in May, 1931.) Deposits remained about these low levels until, in June, 1932, with the amount of £197,966,308 there began a steady upward trend, which continued, with minor regressions only, until February, 1940, when deposits amounted to £246,502,625. Two war loans and the war savings certificate scheme were launched during the next five months. This was instrumental in reducing the level of deposits to £236,561,556 in July, 1940. Since then there has been a regular monthly increase, broken only by temporary declines coinciding with further loan raisings. Recent loans, however, have not reduced the level below that of the previous month. At the end of February, 1944, the amount on deposit was £436,398,544.

(b) Deposits per head and Purchasing Power. Particulars of the deposits per head of population, actual and adjusted to purchasing power by the application of retail price index-numbers at 30th June, 1928 and in each year from 1933 to 1942, are given in the following table:—

ALL SAV	INGS BANKS	:	DEPOSITS	PER	HEAD	0F	POPULATION.
---------	------------	---	----------	-----	------	----	-------------

				A	ctual.		to Purchasing wer. (a)
	At 30th	June —		£	Index- Number.	£	Index- Number.
					1928 = 1000		1928 = 1000
1928	• •	• •		34.14	1000	34.14	1000
1933				30.51	894	38.52	1128
1934				31.55	924	39.14	1146
1935				32.41	949	39.77	1165
1936				33.20	972	40.00	1172
1937				33.79	990	39.52	U.58
1938				34.88	1022	39.59	1160
1939				35.28	1033	39.07	1144
1940				33.71	987	35.86	1050
1941				35.51	1040	36.05	1056
1942			}	38.23	1120	35.90	1052

(a) On the basis of the All Items ("C") Series of Retail Price Index-numbers for June quarter in each year.

In interpreting the above figures it should be remembered that Savings Bank accounts are used to some extent by institutions and business people, as well as by individuals for the investment of personal savings. The relative extent to which Savings Bank accounts are used for business purposes, etc., may, and probably does, fluctuate considerably from time to time.

10. War Savings Certificates.—In March, 1940, the War Savings Certificate Scheme was inaugurated, the first sales being made on 18th March. Certificates may be purchased in denominations of £1, £5, £10 and £50, the purchase prices being 16s., £4, £8, and £40 respectively. The date of full maturity is seven years after that of issue, but certificates may be cashed at any time, the amounts ranging, in the case of the £1 certificate from 16s. 6d. at the end of the first year and before the end of two years to £1 at the end of seven years. The sales of certificates have been stimulated by the formation of War Savings Certificate Groups, members of which contribute regularly towards the purchase of certificates. The approximate number of these groups registered at the end of February, 1944, was 56,200 and the membership approximately 1,290,000. The total amounts contributed, less amounts repaid to those cashing their certificates, at 30th June of the years 1940, 1941 and 1942, respectively, were £6,099,886, £17,380,098 and £26,170,601. At the end of February, 1944, the net proceeds amounted to £41,176,143.

11. Commonwealth Savings Bank.—(i) Returns for Year 1941-42. Returns for the States and Territories for the year 1941-42 are shown in the table below:—

COMMONWEALTH SAVINGS BANK: RETURNS, 1941-42.

State or Territory.		Amount on Deposit 30th June, 1941.	Excess of Deposits over Withdrawals during year.	Interest Added during year.	Amount on Deposit 30th June, 1942.
	·	£	£	<u>£</u>	£
New South Wales		87,750,156	5,248,247	1,539,529	a94,537,932
Victoria	[	13,942,267	2,711,624	255,672	16,909,563
Queensland		29,089,008	1,612,993	512,437	31,214,438
South Australia		3,509,004	1,105,191	70,071	4,684,266
Western Australia		12,521,151	1,077,100	222,888	13,821,139
Tasmania		2,423,313	238,579	43,282	2,705,174
		356,590	-357,339	749	<b>(b)</b>
Australian Capital Territory		373,815	7,592	6,441	387,848
Total		149,965,304	11,643,987	2,651,069	164,260,360

<sup>(</sup>a) Includes deposits transferred from Papua and Territory of New Guinea Branches. (b) Transferred to South Australia.

(ii) Deposits—Years 1938 to 1942. The amount on deposit with the Commonwealth Savings Bank in each State, in the Territories of Papua and New Guinea, and in London, at 30th June in each of the years 1938 to 1942 was as follows:—

COMMONWEALTH SAVINGS BANK: DEPOSITS, 30TH JUNE,

Place of Deposit.		1938.	1939.	1940.	1941.	1942.
		£	£	£	£	£
New South Wales		86,015,685	87,473,789	82,110,900	87,750,156	94,537,932
Victoria		10,734,968	11,242,366	11,784,730	13,942,267	16,909,563
Queensland		28,206,457	29,044,712	28,251,873	29,089,008	31,214,438
South Australia		3,091,789	3,166,990	3,093,912	3,509,004	4,684,266
Western Australia		12,037,486	12,396,191	11,860,151	12,521,151	13,821,139
Tasmania		2,220,186	2,357,983	2,297,110	2,423,313	2,705,174
Northern Territory		67,921	98,814	191,926	356,590	(a)
Australian Capital Territory	• •	292,461	318,804	350,234	373,815	387,848
Total		142,666,953	146,099,649	139,940,836	149,965,304	164,260,360
Papua and New Guinea (b)		215,864	209,570	205,885	226,369	(c)
London (d)	• •	550,307	571,279	386,818	362,114	359,209
Grand Total		143,433,124	146,880,498	140,533,539	150,553,787	164,619,569

<sup>(</sup>a) Transferred to South Australia. (b) Not included in the figures given in paras. 9 (i) and (ii) and 11 (i) prior to 1942. (c) Transferred to New South Wales. (d) Not included in the figures given in paras. 9 (i) and (ii) and 11 (i).

(iii) Balance-sheet, 30th June, 1942. Particulars of the liabilities and assets of the Commonwealth Savings Bank as at 30th June, 1942, were as follows:—

COMMONWEALTH SAVINGS BANK.(a): BALANCE-SHEET, 30TH JUNE, 1942.

Liabilities.	Assets.
Reserve Fund 3,278,0. Depositors' Balances 164,619,5 Contingency Account and other Liabilities 8,062,5	9 at Short Call 17,528,027 Australian Notes 368,107
Total 175,960,2	Total

<sup>(</sup>a) Includes London, Papua and Territory of New Guinea Branches.

- (iv) Profits. Under the terms of the Savings Bank Amalgamation Agreements the profits of the Commonwealth Savings Bank in New South Wales, Queensland, Western Australia and Tasmania are equally divided between the Bank and the former controlling authorities in those States. After £240,532 had been so provided, the net profit of the Commonwealth Savings Bank during 1941-42 was £368,754, one-half of which was paid to the National Debt Sinking Fund and the remainder carried to reserves. The aggregate net profit from the inception of the bank to 30th June, 1942, was £6,021,324.
- 12. State Savings Bank.—(i) Returns for 1941-42. Particulars of the transactions of all State Savings Banks for the year 1941-42 are given hereunder. Throughout the following tables the figures for Tasmania refer to the Trustee Savings Banks in Hobart and Launceston. Although the accounts of these institutions are made up for half-yearly periods ending 28th February and 31st August, the managements have furnished particulars of deposits as at 30th June.

STATE SAVINGS BANKS: RETURNS, 1941-47	STATE	SAVINGS	BANKS:	RETURNS,	1941-42.
---------------------------------------	-------	---------	--------	----------	----------

State.	Amount on Deposit at 30th June, 1941.	Excess of Deposits over Withdrawals during year.	Interest added during year.	Amount on Deposit at 30th June, 1942.
	£	£	£	£
Victoria	 71,746,740	4,285,827	1,283,505	77,316,072
South Australia	 24,000,701	1,360,334	570,690	25,931,725
Tasmania (a)	 6,518,035	87,567	161,003	6,766,605
Total	 102,265,476	5,733,728	2,015,198	110,014,402

<sup>(</sup>a) Trustee Savings Banks, Hobart and Launceston.

Note.—The State Savings Banks in New South Wales, Queensland, Western Australia and Tasmania have been absorbed by the Commonwealth Savings Bank.

(ii) Deposits.—Years 1938 to 1942. The following statement shows the amount on deposit with State Savings Banks at 30th June in each of the years 1938 to 1942:—

STATE SAVINGS BANKS: DEPOSITS, AT 30TH JUNE.

State.		1938.	1939.	1940.	1941.	1942.
		£	£	£	£	£
Victoria		68,142,032	69,218,685	67,360,623	71,746,740	77,316,072
South Australia		24,151,868	24,230,038	23,469,376	24,000,701	25,931,725
Tasmania (a)		5,471,324	6,038,364	6,220,254	6,518,035	6,766,605
Total		97,765,224	99,487,087	97,050,253	102,265,476	110,014,402

<sup>(</sup>a) Trustee Savings Banks, Hobart and Launceston.

(iii) Assets, 1941-42. At 30th June, 1942, the assets of all State Savings Banks amounted to £121,714,183, distributed as shown hereunder:—

STATE SAVINGS BANKS: ASSETS, 30th JUNE, 1942.

Particulars.		Victoria.	South Australia.	Tasmania. (a)	Total.
		£	£	£	£
Government Securities		37,955,037	14,737,025	2,676,960	55,369,022
Municipal Securities		1)	272 734	1,295,852	1
Other Public Securities		7,575,554	199,311	58,185	<b>}</b> 19,501,636
Mortgages		2,206,778	5,079,494	1,771,429	9,057,701
Outstanding Interest, Divide	$_{ m nds}$				
and Rents		649,555	205,288	67,282	922,125
Landed and House Property		824,718			
Fixed Deposits		21,928,000	6,082,750	1,072,000	29,082,750
Cash in hand, in transit and	on				
Current Account		4,316,653	1,667,202	581,719	6,565,574
All other Assets		9,612	585	3,864	14,061
Total Assets		85,465,907	28,688,985	7,559,291	121,714,183

(a) At 31st August, 1942. See par. 12 (i).

(iv) Profit and Loss Accounts, 1941-42. Details of the Profit and Loss Accounts of the several State Savings Banks for the year 1941-42 are given in the following table:—

STATE SAVINGS BANKS: PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNTS FOR YEAR ENDED 30th JUNE, 1942.

Particulars.	Victoria.	Victoria. South Australia.		Total.
Dr.	£	£	£	£
Interest allotted to Depositors	1,283,505	570,690	169,376	2,023,571
Provision for accrued Interest on		1		
Depositors' Balances	147,538	50,000	!	197,538
Amount carried to Reserves and	11,700		1	71.50
Depreciation Funds	295,000	169,724	25,000	489,724
Writing off Bank Premises	24,300	(b)	5,066	29,366
Expenses of Management	594,356	174,236	46,440	815,032
All other Expenses	68,204	24,745	(c) 10,284	103,233
Balance carried forward	164,245	130,154	95,439	389,838
Total	2,577,148	1,119,549	351,605	4,048,302
Cr.				
Balance brought forward	154,663	(d) 183,642	94,213	432,518
Interest, Dividends, Rents, and all		, ,	"	10 10
other Receipts	2,422,485	935,907	257,392	3,615,784
Total	2,577,148	1,119,549	351,605	4,048,302

<sup>(</sup>a) Year ended 31st August, 1942; see par. 12 (i). (b) Bank premises written off from Reserve Fund. (c) Includes payments of and provision for State Income Tax, £6,284. (d) Includes Reserve brought forward from 1940-41 (provision for Interest accrued on Depositors' Balances from 7th to 30th June, 1941, £50,000).

#### C. COMPANIES.

#### § 1. General.

Statistics available in regard to registered companies embrace (a) Returns (up to 1940 only) relating to Trustees, Executors and Agency Companies; (b) Returns relating to Registered Building and Investment Societies; and (c) Returns relating to Registered Co-operative Societies.

#### § 2. Trustees, Executors and Agency Companies.

The following table shows, for the years 1938 to 1942, particulars of the assets and liabilities of certain trustee companies transacting business in Australia and New Zealand. Figures for the years 1938 to 1940 have been obtained from returns supplied to this office,

while those for the years 1941 and 1942 have been extracted from the Australasian Insurance and Banking Record. Individual items are therefore not entirely comparable. Details of assets of trust funds administered are shown for the years 1938 to 1940, but for the last two years totals only for nine offices are available.

TRUSTEES. EXECUTORS AND AGENCY COMPANIES, AUSTRALIA.

Particulars.	1938.	1939.	1940.	1941.	1942.
Number of Companies	20	20	21	23	23
Liabilities—	£	£	£	£	£
Capital paid-up	1,312,202	1,312,202	1,355,952	1,408,452	1,408,452
Reserves and undistributed Profits	1,221,589	1,235,750	1,310,141	1,293,850	1,302,802
Other Liabilities		150,960	136,122	634,174	660,273
Total Liabilities	2,745,992	2,698,912	2,802,215	3,336,476	3.371.527
Assets					
Government and Municipal Securities	753,234	730,935	752,134	a1,083,288	2 940,739
Loans on Mortgage	000000	397,944	414,576	474,250	536,652
Other Loans and Advances	94,324	75,141	80,366	151,626	152,973
Real Property	1,140,669	1,148,566	1,202,612	1,082,585	1,084,627
Deposits in Banks	139,571	147,717	177,922	(b) 126,425	(b) 200,026
Other Assets	225,221	198,609	174,605	418,302	456,510
Total Assets	2,745,992	2,698,912	2,802,215	3,336,476	3,371,527
Assets of Trust Funds Administered—(c)	£'000.	£'000.	£'000.	£'000.	£'000.
Australian Government and Municipa	l l		l		i
Securities	67,260	68,515	71,734	1)	1
British and Foreign Government and	1		Ĺ	11	Į.
Municipal Securities	1,304	1,342	1,340	11	1
Loans on Mortgage	30,957	30,977	32,507	11	
Other Loans and Advances	2,723	2,713	2,177	Not avail	able.
Shares in Companies	56,750	59,351	61,972	11	1
Real Property		51,732	53,853		1
Deposits in Banks		8,958	8,995		i
Other Assets	13,480	13,409	15,717	IJ	1
Total Trust Fund Assets	232,312	236,997	248,295	(4) 157,508	(d)161,968

<sup>(</sup>a) Includes fixed deposits. (b) Cash. by Public Trustees. (d) Nine offices only.

#### § 3. Registered Building and Investment Societies.

1. Summary.—Returns have been received relating to 325 Societies, but the information is not exhaustive, as particulars regarding unimportant organizations are not included. Compilation of these statistics have been discontinued in New South Wales and South Australia for the duration of the war. The figures shown relate to the latest year for which information is available.

REGISTERED BUILDING AND INVESTMENT, SOCIETIES: SUMMARY.

Particulars.	N.S.W. 1939-40.	Vic., 1941.	Q'land. 1940-41.	S. Aust. 1940.	W. Aust. 1940-41.	Tas. 1940–41.	Total.
Societies making returns—Permanent . No. Terminating . No.	7 248	21 2	7 5	6	7 5	4	52 273
Total No.	255	23	12	19	12	4	325
borrowers Income for year from interest, etc. £ Working expenses for year £ Amount of deposit during year . £ Repayment of loans during year £	(a) 41,929 (b)457,217 (a) 6,133 678,354 133,657 379,768 649,332 f3,810,552	847,932 14,904 448,546 263,963 544,995	1,098,733 7,856 137,702 133,289 89,818 439,253	41,629 2,773 29,705 9,860 123,589 88,812	(c) 4,402 114,037 15,791 282,370 356,906	49,878 1,876 45,085 6,859 16,687	d2,495,389 37,944 1,453,429 563,419 1,437,227 2,981,408

<sup>(</sup>a) Includes 17,877 shareholders in Star Bowkett and 20,672 in other terminating societies.
(b) Includes 154,157 shares in Star Bowkett and 264,175 in other terminating societies and excludes 2 investment societies.
(c) Not available.
(d) Excludes Western Australia.
(e) Permanent Societies only.
(f) Includes £3,165,174 for other terminating societies.

<sup>(</sup>c) Includes particulars of trust funds administered

2. Liabilities and Assets.—The balance-sheets of the companies in respect of which particulars of liabilities and assets are stated hereunder relate to the periods shown above.

#### REGISTERED BUILDING AND INVESTMENT SOCIETIES: LIABILITIES.

State.		Paid-up Capital or Subscriptions.	Reserve Funds.	Deposits.	Bank Overdrafts and other Liabilities.	Total Liabilities.
		£	£	£	£	£
New South Wales.	٠.	2,970,813	692,147	764,619	a 9,832,182	14,259,761
Victoria		2,333,000	1,079,094	2,950,069	380,167	6,742,330
Queensland		2,028,720	67,573	17,262	102,698	2,216,253
South Australia	٠.	580,607	106,534	114,644	7,464	809,249
Western Australia		1,499,126	25,100	100,104	92,047	1,716,377
Tasmania		445,363	115,210	218,288	18,082	796,943
Total		9,857,629	2,085,658	4,164,986	10,432,640	26,540,913

<sup>(</sup>a) Includes £9,580,297 for other terminating societies.

#### REGISTERED BUILDING AND INVESTMENT SOCIETIES: ASSETS.

Stat	State.			Landed and House Pro- perty, Furni- ture, etc.	Cash in Hand and on Deposit and other Assets	Total Assets.
			£	£	£	£
New South Wales			a13,638,924	(b) 228,111	392,726	14,259,761
Victoria	• •		6,350,687	137,738	253,905	6,742,330
Queensland			2,156,869	16,864	42,520	2,216,253
South Australia			715,203	25,856	68,190	809,249
Western Australia			1,548,862	20,472	147,043	1,716,377
Tasmania			662,808	9,450	124,685	796,943
Total	• •		25,073,353	438,491	1,029,069	26,540,913

<sup>(</sup>a) Includes £10,688,125 for other terminating societies.

#### § 4. Co-operative Societies.

1. General.—Prior to 1931 the returns relating to Co-operative Societies were divided into two classes—(i) those engaged in the manufacture and marketing of primary products and trade requirements; and (ii) those engaged in retailing general household requirements. The former may be described briefly as Producers' Co-operative Societies and

<sup>(</sup>b) Permanent societies only.

the latter as Consumers' Co-operative Societies. Particulars of those Producers' Societies which are also Consumers' Societies were compiled separately for the first time for the year 1931. The particulars given for New South Wales relate to societies registered under the Co-operation Act 1923–1938. The latest figures available for New South Wales and South Australia, owing to the temporary suspension of the compilation of these statistics, relate to the years 1939–40 and 1940 respectively.

#### CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETIES; SUMMARY.

Particulars.	N.S.W. 1939-40. (a)	Vic. 1940–41.	Q'land. 1940-41.	S.A. 1940.	W.A. 1940-41. (b)	Tas. 1940–41.	Total.

#### PRODUCERS' SOCIETIES.

Number of Societies	120	57	115	36	37	11	385
, Branches	(b)	21	57		24	20	
Members	57,268				13,073	8,360	185,435
Gross Turnover (Sales) £	18,371,770		13,360,562	1,090,509	1,752,805	626,257	39,589,208
Other Income £	104,648			173,733	664,919	26,144	1,666,269
Total Income £	18,476,418	4,697,808	13,746,884	1,264,242	2,417,724		
Total Purchases during Year £	15,402,266	3,777,711	10,928,701		1,570,626		33,048,977
Other Expenditure £	2,738,533	826,534	2,625,502				
Total Expenditure £	18,140,799		13,554,203	1,253,765	2,291,228	652,813	
Rebates and Bonuses £		19,605	37,646			4,338	105,203
Dividends on Share Capital £	38,180	18,642	35,895	9,048	13,114	2,753	117,632
	1		1		' '		

#### CONSUMERS' SOCIETIES.

Number of Societies ,, Branches ,, Members Gross Turnover (Sales) Other Income Total Income Total Purchases during Year £ Other Expenditure Total Expenditure Rebates and Bonuses Dividends on Share Capital £	(b) 44,933 2,832,160 52,455 2,884,615 2,202,589 535,161 2,737,750 185,472 18,786	745,280 18,655 763,935 617,000 105,886 722,886 33,735	420,108 4,391 424,499 381,856 43,091 424,947 1,856	45,015 1,111,654 22,762 1,134,416 890,819 204,036 1,094,855 52,339	171,758 3,587 175,345 140,944 32,307	67,904 746 68,650 55,816 12,916 68,732 784	92 (c)63 110,223 5,348,864 102,596 5,451,460 4,289,024 933,397 5,222,421 275,048
Dividends on Share Capital £	18,786				1,583.		42,324

#### SOCIETIES WHICH ARE BOTH PRODUCERS' AND CONSUMERS'.

		1		1			
Number of Societies		8	4	3	43	• • •	58
" Branches		5	9	ī	12		27
Members		4,506	4,604	591	5,875		15,576
Gross Turnover (Sales) £		1,198,653		149,735	624,213		3,014,422
Other Income £	٠	8,715	10,111	30,643	29,943		79,412
Total Income £	٠.,	1,207,368	1,051,932	180,378	654,156		3,093,834
Total Purchases during Year £		1,047,380	899,169	149,535	542,849		2,638,933
Other Expenditure £	٠	140,709		24,045	97,832	• •	392,791
Total Expenditure £	١	1,188,089	1,029,374	173,580	640,681		3,031,724
Rebates and Bonuses £		11,881	3,077	5,019	12,247		32,224
Dividends on Share Capital £		1,192	2,043	1,452	4,400	• •	9,087
		!	1				1

<sup>(</sup>a) Particulars relate to Societies registered under Co-operation Act 1923-1938. Particulars shown under Producers' Societies refer to Rural Societies, and under Consumers of Trading.

(b) Not available.

(c) Excludes New South Wales.

## 2. Liabilities and Assets.—The next table gives the liabilities and assets:—CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETIES: LIABILITIES AND ASSETS.

Particulars.	N.S.W.(a) 1939-40.	Vic. 1940–41.	Qld. 1940–41.	S.A. 1940.	W.A. 1940–41.	Tas. 1940–41.	Total.			
		PRODUCERS		ES.			· <u>-</u> -			
iabilities	£	ı £ i	£	£	— <u>.</u>	£	£			
D 11 0 11 1	1,097,101	971,507		201,753	272,932	92,035	4,000,3			
Loan Capital	(b)	111,400	1,361,991 678,940	264,640	210,260	47 105	¢1,312,4			
Bank Overdrafts	1,029,716	684,143	980,697	165,823	24,777	47,195 68,137	2,953,2			
Accumulated Profits		J 139,525	239,627	85,335	6,906	14,501	רו			
Reserve Funds	1,148,546	329,159	1,772,092	85,335 368,825	208,812	33,872	5 4,347,2			
Sundry Creditors	\$1,660,258	383,463	2,233,760	340,508	302,753	63,605	£6,165,9			
Other Liabilities	1,000,250 گر ا	101,347	127,354	491,256	455,490	6,181	J 0,103,9			
Total Liabilities	4,935,621	2,720,544	7,397,455	1,918,140		325,526	18,779,2			
.sseta										
Land and Buildings	1		[1,390,268]	216,357	420,964	112,897	1			
Machinery, Plant and	2,497,189	1,198,687	۱ ۱			,	<b>}9,375,9</b>			
other fixed Assets	! !		2,906,042	349,887	216,520	67,187	J			
Stocks	723,602	390,433	667,251	874,111	162,952	57,476	2,875,8			
Sundry Debtors	1,086,645	783,055	2,009,416	109,586	369,605	66,734	4,425,0			
Cash in hand and on	1						_			
deposit	147,299	110,359	152,427	13,827	165,945	10,399	600,2			
Profit and Loss Account	<b>}</b> 480,886	52,407	29,661	10,425	44,723	3,857	1,502,0			
Other Assets	5 400,000	185,603	242,390	343,947	101,221	6,976	,			
Total Assets	4,935,621	2,720,544	7,397,455	1,918,140	1,481,930	325,526	18,779,2			
Consumers' Societies.										
iabilities—	£	£	£	£	£	£	£			
Paid-up Capital	641,158	162,584	51,261	438,907	37,425	20,608	1,351,9			
Loan Capital	(b)	39,662	8,488	102,403	37,443	6,447	(c)157,0			
Bank Overdrafts	90,529	70,254	29,587	33,411	4,008	4,299	232,0			
Accumulated Profits	1)	£ 24,265	9,206	45,593	4,019	1,775	<b>`</b>			
Reserve Funds	435,310	20,787	26,600	150,825	5,035	8,704	ا <sub>2,1</sub> 802			
Sundry Creditors	11	\$ 47,537	32,033	32,105	15,096	6,184	۲			
Other Liabilities	292,102	7,409	1,337	3,660	471	1,073	439,0 خ			
Total Liabilities	1,459,099	442,498	158,515	806,904	66,054	49,090	2,982,1			
ssets— Land and Buildings										
Machinery, Plant and	528,704	152,194	27,491	292,171	10,002	17,754	1,088,3			
other fixed Assets	320,704	-3-,-,+	8,082	42,427	6,795	2,746				
Stocks	445,381	125,653	55,142	202,106	27,555	17,497	963,4			
Sundry Debtors	253,018	91,662	57,887	292,196 67,809	10,231	7,168	487,7			
Cash in hand and on	""		0.,,		, ,	.,				
deposit	98,418	50,836	4,274	34,180	7,487	2,702	197,8			
Profit and Loss Account	1)	∫ 3,049	3,381	3,075	1,244	1,083	רו			
Other Assets	133,575	19,104	2,258	75,046	2,740	140				
Total Assets	1,459,099	442,498	158,515	806,904	66,054	49,090	2,982,1			
Societies	Which A	ARE BOTH	PRODUCER	RS' AND (	Consume	ers'.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
labilities	ı £	1 £ 1	£	£	£	£	£			
Paid-up Capital		60,966		20,219	158,787	1				
Loan Capital	1	12,622	2,426	803	14,749	::	311,2			
Bank Overdrafts	1 ::	53,868	64,806	241	32,603		30,6 151,5			
Accumulated Profits	1 ::	51,049	5,461	1,982	11,889	::	70,3			
Reserve Funds		76,521	47,844	20,800	108,408		253,5			
Sundry Creditors		53,875	97,756	8,839	56,684	::	217,1			
Other Liabilities		5,524	9,211	24,737	1,410		40,8			
	1						1,075,3			
	<del></del>			77,621	384,530		, , , , , , ,			
Total Liabilities		314,425	298,766	77,621	384,530					
Total Liabilities		314,425		77,621 			າ			
Total Liabilities			298,766	8,703	79,313	•••	} 430,9			
Total Liabilities		314,425	298,766	8,703 10,061	79,313	••	} 430,9			
Total Liabilities		314,425 } 146,206 68,848	298,766 83,898 78,945 54,962	8,703 10,061 16,495	79,313 23,828 160,930	••	] }			
Total Liabilities ssets— Land and Buildings Machinery, Plant and Other fixed Assets Stocks	••	314,425	298,766 83,898 78,945	8,703 10,061 16,495	79,313 23,828 160,930	••	301,2			
Total Liabilities	••	314,425 146,206 68,848 55,604	298,766 83,898 78,945 54,962 58,587	8,703 10,061 16,495 18,591	79,313 23,828 160,930 88,772		301,2 221,5			
Total Liabilities ssets— Land and Buildings . Machinery, Plant and Other fixed Assets Stocks	••	314,425 } 146,206 68,848	298,766 83,898 78,945 54,962 58,587 3,011	8,703 10,061 16,495	79,313 23,828 160,930 88,772	••	301,2 221,5 29,2			
Total Liabilities		314,425 146,206 68,848 55,604 6,519	298,766	8,703 10,061 16,495 18,591 1,766	79,313 23,828 160,930 88,772 17,951 4,058		301,2 221,5 29,2			
Total Liabilities  Assets— Land and Buildings  Machinery, Plant and Other fixed Assets  Stocks  Sundry Debtors  Cash in hand and on deposit  Profit and Loss Account Other Assets		314,425 146,206 68,848 55,604	298,766  83,898  78,945 54,962 58,587 3,011 226 19,137	8,703 10,061 16,495 18,591 1,766	79,313 23,828 160,930 88,772 17,951 4,058 9,678		301,2 221,5			
Total Liabilities		314,425 146,206 68,848 55,604 6,519	298,766	8,703 10,061 16,495 18,591 1,766	79,313 23,828 160,930 88,772 17,951 4,058 9,678		301,2 221,5 29,2			

 <sup>(</sup>a) Particulars relate to Societies registered under Co-operation Act 1923-1938. Particulars shown under Producers' Societies refer to Rural Societies, and under Consumers to Trading.
 (b) Not available.
 (c) Excludes New South Wales.

#### D. INSURANCE.

#### § 1. General.

Although insurance business is conducted under State laws where such laws are in existence, or otherwise under various Companies Acts or Special Acts, Section 51 of the Commonwealth Constitution confers the necessary powers on the Commonwealth Parliament to legislate in regard to "insurance other than State insurance; also State insurance extending beyond the limits of the State concerned." Legislation by the Commonwealth Parliament includes the Life Assurance Companies Act 1905 limiting the amount of assurance payable on the death of children, the Marine Insurance Act 1909 defining the limits of marine insurance and regulating the terms of contracts, etc., and the Insurance Act 1932-1937, the principal features of which are given hereunder.

Companies, persons or associations of persons carrying on insurance business in Australia or in any Territory of Australia are required to deposit money or approved securities with the Commonwealth Treasurer, to the extent specified in the schedule.

Money deposited is to be invested by the Treasurer in prescribed securities according to the selection of the depositor, and all interest accruing on deposits or securities is to be paid to depositors. Deposits are to remain as security against liability to policy-holders, and are to be available to satisfy judgments obtained in respect of policies.

If the value of money and approved securities deposited has depreciated below the value required by the Act, the Treasurer may require the depositor to lodge additional deposits to bring the total to the prescribed value.

After this Act became law, State laws governing insurance deposits ceased to operate. Deposits held by States on 1st February, 1932, could, however, remain with the States subject to the conditions embodied in the laws of the States. Whilst deposits so remained with the State, the depositors, to the extent of the value of their deposits, were exempt from liability to make deposits under the Commonwealth Act, and the conditions of State laws continued to apply to the deposits until the Commonwealth Treasurer required their return to depositors who immediately had to make deposits with the Commonwealth Government to the prescribed extent.

The following are not regarded as insurance businesses under the Act :-

Staff superannuation schemes:

Schemes of religious organizations solely for insurance of their property; and Friendly Society, Union and Association schemes involving superannuation or insurance benefits to employees.

This Act does not apply to State insurance within the limits of the State concerned.

The following shows particulars of deposits under the Insurance Act 1932, at 30th June, 1942:—

#### DEPOSITS UNDER INSURANCE ACT, 30th JUNE, 1942.

Class of Insurance.					Deposited with Go		
	Class	s of Insur	ance.		Commonwealth. States.		Total.
					£	£	£
Life Other				••	455,639 815,480	846,974 1,860,950	1,302,613 2,676,430
	Total	• •		••	1,271,119	2,707,924	3,979,043

The deposits comprise cash £634,645, government and municipal securities £2,832,688, fixed deposits £12,000, bank guarantees and undertakings £109,510, titles and mortgages £389,900.

#### § 2. Life Assurance.

- 1. General.—Since 1907 statistical returns have been collected from life assurance institutions, with results which are in the main satisfactory. The results for each of the earlier years are shown in the several Official Year Books and Finance Bulletins. The figures in the succeeding paragraphs refer to Australian business only, except where otherwise indicated.
- 2. Institutions Transacting Business.—(i) General. The number of institutions transacting life assurance business in Australia during 1941 was 26, including four oversea companies. Of the twenty-two Australian institutions, six are purely mutual, including one which transacts general business in respect of which share capital is used, and fifteen are public companies. One office is a State Government institution.
- (ii) Ordinary and Industrial Business. Of the total institutions, thirteen transacted both ordinary and industrial business. Ordinary and industrial business has, where possible, been kept separate, and figures relating to companies whose head offices are outside Australia have been restricted to the Australian, and, in the case of one company, Australasian, business.
- 3. Australian Business. (i) Ordinary. (a) 1941. The following table shows particulars for each class of policy in existence during 1941. The amount assured in 1941 represents an average of nearly £65 per head of population.

ORDINARY LIFE ASSURANCE: AUSTRALIAN BUSINESS, 1941.

	Class o	f Policy.			No. of Policies.	Sum Assured.	Average per Policy.
Assurances—					No.	£	£
Whole Life					464,285	232,531,178	501
Endowment	·				783,494	191,837,795	245
Other					32,955	26,519,058	805
Endowments	••	• •	••		58,949	12,324,976	209
Total	••	• •	••		1,339,683	463,213,007	346
Annuities					5,167	(a) 562,364	109

<sup>(</sup>a) Amount per annum.

<sup>(</sup>b) 1937 to 1941. Similar particulars for each of the last five years are shown below. The increase in annuities in 1939 is due to the inclusion of a staff pension scheme providing deferred annuities commencing at retirement and temporary assurance in the event of death prior to retirement.

#### ORDINARY LIFE ASSURANCE 1937 TO 1941: AUSTRALIAN BUSINESS.

		As	surance and End	eles.	Annuities.		
Yes	Year. Policies in Force.				Annual Premium Income.	No.	Amount per Annum.
		No.	£	£	£		£
1937		1,116,033	380,134,886	341	12,634,971	3,549	376,052
1938		1,181,412	403,813,927	342	13,279,373	3,681	(a)314,499
1939		1,243,378	427,291,072	344	13,954,391	3,826	384,584
1940		1,285,044	442,903,695	345	14,556,318	4,497	468,195
1941		1,339,683	463,213,007	346	15,213,000	5,167	562,364

<sup>(</sup>a) Particulars of certain contingent annuities formerly included under this heading have been reclassified and excluded, commencing with this year.

(ii) Industrial. (a) 1941. Information in regard to industrial business in existence during 1941, nearly £18 per head of population, is given in the following table:—

#### INDUSTRIAL LIFE ASSURANCE: AUSTRALIAN BUSINESS 1941.

	Class of Policy.				Policies in Force.	Sum Assured.	Average per Policy.
A					No.	£	£
Assurances— Whole Life				[	171,893	4,223,225	25
Endowment	• • •				2,498,118	118,115,387	-3 47
Other		• •			• •		••
Endowments	• •	• •	••	••	110,420	4,156,287	38
Total	••				2,780,431	126,494,899	45
Annuities	••	••	•••		2	(a) 58	(a) 29

<sup>(</sup>a) Amount per annum.

# (b) 1937 to 1941. Particulars for each of the last five years are shown below:—INDUSTRIAL LIFE ASSURANCE 1937 TO 1941: AUSTRALIAN BUSINESS.

		les.	Annuities.				
Yea	AF.	Policies in Force.	Amount.	Amount. Average per Policy. An		No.	Amount per Annum
		No.	£	£	£		£
1937		2,253,863	99,544,760	44	5,691,704	2	58
1938		2,368,340	105,452,157	45	6,094,667	2	58
1939		2,491,742	111,861,680	45	6,490,164	2	58
1940		2,610,184	117,555,011	45	6,916,380	2	58
1941		2,780,431	126,494,899	45	7,304,844	2	58

4. Receipts and Expenditure.—(i) Ordinary Business. The following table shows the aggregate Australian receipts for the last five years of all the institutions doing business in Australia. In the latest year premiums—new, renewal and annuity—amounted to over 65 per cent., and interest, dividends and rent to nearly 35 per cent. of the Australian receipts.

ORDINARY LIFE ASSURANCE: AUSTRALIAN RECEIPTS.

Heading.	Heading. 1937.		1939.	1940.	1941.	
	£	£	£	£	£	
Premiums—New Renewal	1,886,633 10,748,338 268,399	1,653,395 11,625,978 197,200	1,613,219 12,341,172 183,866	1,483,046 13,073,272 259,704	1,588,124 13,624,876 386,014	
rents Other receipts	6,778,610 76,238	7,173,402 15,374	7,546,589 13,192	7,911,152 15,328	8,195,562 13,650	
Total Receipts	19,758,218	20,665,349	21,693,038	22,742,502	23,808,226	

In 1941 claims accounted for 61 per cent. of the total expenditure; surrenders 13 per cent.; expenses of management 8 per cent.; commission 6 per cent.; and licence fees and taxes 3 per cent.

ORDINARY LIFE ASSURANCE: AUSTRALIAN EXPENDITURE.

Heading.	1937.	1938.	1939.	1940.	1941.
	£	£	£	£	£
Claims Surrenders Annuities Commission Expenses of management Licence fees and taxes Shareholders' dividends Cash bonuses paid to policy-holders All other expenditure	7,373,965 1,574,087 213,386 1,015,820 1,132,610 246,669 92,319 242,924 227,239	7,417,756 1,698,860 214,255 1,004,844 1,136,674 264,467 96,963 259,319 255,427	7,935,462 1,842,516 219,473 1,007,721 1,178,073 316,335 101,437 260,435 (a)1,185,284	8,042,627 1,922,695 226,965 907,983 1,161,726 367,630 86,129 279,336 (a)1,175,635	8,860,562 1,815,508 257,664 936,696 1,195,003 499,361 91,937 235,376 (a) 516,525
Total Expenditure	12,119,019	12,348,565	14,046,736	14,170,726	14,408,632

<sup>(</sup>a) Includes large provision for taxation and other special purposes.

The excess of receipts over expenditure during the past five years was as follows:—1937, £7,639,199; 1938, £8,316,784; 1939, £7,651,302; 1940, £8,571,776; and 1941, £9,399,594. During the same years the proportions that expenditures bore to receipts were as follows:—1937, 61 per cent.; 1938, 60 per cent.; 1939, 65 per cent.; 1940, 62 per cent.; and 1941, 61 per cent.

(ii) Industrial Business. The aggregate Australian receipts for the years 1937 to 1941 of institutions transacting industrial business were as follows:—

INDUSTRIAL.	LIFE	ASSURANCE:	AUSTRALIAN	RECEIPTS.

Heading.		1937.	1938.	1939.	1940.	1941.
Premiums—New a	nd	£	£	£	£	£
Renewal Interest, dividends		5,691,704	6,094,667	6,490,164	6,916,380	7,304,844
rents Other receipts		1,506,503 42,342	1,631,831 44,659	1,751,531 46,402	1,831,919 49,166	1,918,171 50,478
Total Receipts		7,240,549	7,771,157	8,288,097	8,797,465	9,273,493

Expenditure during 1941 totalled £6,850,463, of which claims amounted to over 54 per cent., commission to over 20 per cent., and expenses of management to over 11 per cent.

INDUSTRIAL LIFE ASSURANCE: AUSTRALIAN EXPENDITURE.

	<del></del>		I		
Heading.	1937.	1938.	1939.	1940.	1941.
	£	£	£	£	£
Claims	2,499,247	2,754,027	3,132,459	3,474,943	3,707,043
Surrenders	182,210	194,547	498,932	500,097	400,058
Annuities	36	36	33	36	36
Commission	1,212,596	1,236,077	1,353,938	1,348,888	1,405,323
Expenses of manage-	-, -, -, 5, 5	-,-5-,-11	-,555,55	,3,	11403,323
ment	642,528	681,294	717,794	743,193	767,489
Licence fees and taxes	58,367	68,210	83,259	102,459	153,381
Shareholders' dividends	63,446	55,313	56,476	57,715	57,822
All other expenditure	123,161	128,856		(a) 416,138	(a) 359,311
in other expenditure	123,101	120,000	(4) 243,700	(410,130	(4) 339,311
				Í	<del></del>
Total Expenditure	4,781,591	5,118,360	6,086,677	6,643,469	6,850,463
1		<u> </u>	!	i	l

<sup>(</sup>a) Includes large provisions for taxation and other special purposes.

The excess of receipts over expenditure for each of the last five years was:—1937, £2,458,958; 1938, £2,652,797; 1939, £2,201,420; 1940, £2,153,996; and 1941, £2,423,030.

The proportions that expenditure bore to receipts were—1937, 66 per cent.; 1938, 66 per cent.; 1939, 73 per cent.; and 1940, 76 per cent.; and 1941, 74 per cent.

- 5. Liabilities and Assets, 1937 to 1941.—(i) General. The liabilities of the Australian institutions consist mainly of their assurance funds, but in the case of public companies there is a further liability on account of the shareholders' capital. The assets consist chiefly of government and municipal securities, mortgages, loans on policies, landed and house property, etc. Loans on personal security are granted by very few of the Australian institutions.
- (ii) Australian Liabilities and Assets. For various reasons several institutions do not attempt the dissection of liabilities and assets between the industrial and ordinary branches, and, therefore, the figures in the following tables relate to ordinary and industrial

branches combined. Assets and liabilities of the Liverpool and London and Globe Insurance Company Ltd. are excluded as separate details of the Australian business are not available.

ORDINARY AND INDUSTRIAL LIFE ASSURANCE: AUSTRALIAN LIABILITIES.

Heading.	1937. 1938.		1939.	1940.	1941.	
	£	£	£	£	£	
Shareholders' capital, paid-up Assurance and annuity	1,600,738	1,568,264	1,568,711	1,568,842	1,498,718	
funds Other funds Claims admitted but	175,475,050 4,745,421	186,397,341 4,972,404	195,500,270 5,697,265	205,716,250 6,324,809	216,973,867 6,845,371	
not paid All other liabilities	1,891,573 1,497,198	1,816,681 1,499,843	1,917,989 1,271,275	2,077,986 1,472,000	2,871,738 1,239,773	
Total Australian Liabilities	185,209,980	196,254,533	205,955,510	217,159,887	229,429,467	

The item "All other liabilities" has been revised for the years 1937 to 1940 to exclude duplications owing to the investment of amounts from the Industrial Department of a certain company with the funds of its Ordinary Department. The amounts involved are:—1937, £3,086,335; 1938, £3,341,590; 1939, £3,554,402; and 1940, £3,795,507.

Assets for the years specified are set out in detail in the table hereunder:—

ORDINARY AND INDUSTRIAL LIFE ASSURANCE: AUSTRALIAN ASSETS. (a)

Heading.	1937.	1938.	1938. 1939.		1941.
	£	£	£	£	£
Government and muni-					
cipal securities	109,521,627	113,485,999	115,712,296	123,770,185	135,370,823
Mortgages	50,401,868	56,724,861	61,719,930	64,451,496	68,344,026
Loans on companies'		• • • •	.,	1	/311/
policies	21,448,626	21,754,988	22,444,817	22,465,085	22,048,006
Landed and house	1			1	, , , , , , , , , ,
property	10,969,919	12,231,645	12,822,673	12,684,517	12,900,600
Life interests and re-	""	' ' ' '		"	1,,,,
versions	223,446	110,443	234,392	230,621	220,416
Other investments	(6)4,814,181		(b)6,465,281	(b)7,075,571	5,220,566
Outstanding premiums	957,562	1,043,071	1,086,729	1,073,467	1,037,845
Outstanding interest,	25,75		' ''	1	1,037,043
dividends and rents	1,686,488	1,776,593	1,811,002	1,868,161	1,944,644
Cash	2,419,171	2,536,319	2,398,869	2,960,855	2,786,019
Establishment and or-	-,,-	,55-,5-	-,35.,	13.17.55	2,,,00,019
ganization accounts	1,128,658	1,107,688	1,101,409	1,100,388	1,008,288
All other assets	1,758,473	1,757,204	1,718,147	1,753,881	1,806,055
	-,,,,,,,,,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	77337	_,=,=,=,5
Total Australian					
Assets	205,330,019		227,515,545	239,434,227	252,687,288
	(b)	(b)	(b)	(b)	1

<sup>(</sup>a) Excludes Australian assets of Liverpool and London and Globe Coy. (b) Revised to exclude the duplications referred to above.

<sup>(</sup>iii) Total Assets. It has been thought desirable to restrict wherever possible the figures relating to life assurance to business in Australia. Several of the companies whose head offices are in Australia, however, transact a large amount of business elsewhere, namely in New Zealand, in South Africa, and in the United Kingdom, while in the

case of the foreign companies, the Australian business is insignificant compared with that done elsewhere. Particulars of the foreign business of Australian companies appear in *Finance Bulletin* No. 33.

The total assets of all life companies operating in Australia (excluding those of the Liverpool and London and Globe and including the Australasian assets only of the Prudential and the Australian assets only of the Mutual Life of New York) amounted to £321,025,315 in 1941, of which government and municipal securities (£179,164,644), and mortgages (£76,388,260), represented nearly 80 per cent.

- 6. New Policies issued in Australia, 1941.—(i) Ordinary Business. During 1941 127,816 new policies were issued for £44,443,717. The average amount per policy was £348, as compared with an average of £345 per policy for all policies which were in existence at the end of 1940.
- (ii) Industrial Business. New policies to the number of 403,689 were issued during the year, for a total of £19,927,420. The average per policy was nearly £49, as compared with the average of £45 for all industrial policies current at the end of 1940.
- 7. Policies Discontinued in Australia.—(i) Ordinary Business. The volume of business which from various causes becomes void in each year is always large. The number and amount of policies, including annuities, discontinued in the last three years and the reasons for discontinuance are given in the following table:—

ORDINARY LIFE ASSURANCE: POLICIES DISCONTINUED IN AUSTRALIA.

Mode.		1939.			1940.	1941.	
		No. of Policies.	Amount.	No. of Policies.	Amount.	No. of Policies.	Amount.
Death or maturity Surrender Forfeiture Transfer		22,662 18,503 39,433 —131	£ 5,626,101 5,870,056 13,410,488 —102,931	23,269 19,205 36,469 —148	£ 5,684,032 6,111,401 12,961,699 —67,317	25,193 17,872 30,595 —156	£ 6,384,523 5,758,173 12,116,454 —101,099
Total		80,467	24,803,714	78,795	24,689,815	73,504	24,158,051

Minus sign (-) denotes excess of transfers to Australian registers over transfers from Australian registers.

The number of policies discontinued because of death or maturity constituted 34 per cent. of the total, because of surrender 24 per cent. and because of forfeiture 42 per cent. Corresponding figures for the amounts insured were 26 per cent., 24 per cent. and 50 per cent. respectively.

(ii) Industrial Business. The number of policies discontinued in this Branch each year is also very large. Of the total amount of discontinuances during 1941 35 per cent. was due to death or maturity, 12 per cent. to surrender and 53 per cent. to forfeiture. Corresponding percentages for the amounts insured were 31, 11 and 58 respectively. The large figures for discontinuances by surrender during the last few years are due to the fact that, by the terms of the Industrial Life Assurance Act 1938 (Victoria), holders of policies, in Victoria, of six years duration were accorded the right of a cash surrender value.

In view of this statutory right being granted to policy-holders in Victoria, various offices conducting industrial assurance undertook to extend the principle throughout Australia as from 1st January, 1939. Prior to that date it was the practice to grant cash surrender values to holders of industrial policies in cases of hardship or necessity only.

The number and amount of discontinuances by forfeiture have accordingly decreased.

		1	939.	1	940.	1941.		
Mode.		No. of Policies.	Amount.	No. of Policies.	Amount.	No. of Policies.	Amount.	
Death or maturity Surrender Forfeiture Transfer		73,585 33,766 154,328 417	£ 2,758,930 1,371,696 7,976,340 25,131	78,430 32,906 147,254 —65	£ 3,195,289 1,315,822 7,573,890 —1,604	82,426 27,790 123,300 —87	£ 3,401,038 1,174,726 6,402,968 7,713	
Total		262,096	12,132,097	258,525	12,083,397	233,429	10,986,445	

#### INDUSTRIAL LIFE ASSURANCE: POLICIES DISCONTINUED IN AUSTRALIA.

Minus sign (-) denotes excess of transfers to Australian registers over transfers from Australian registers.

#### § 3. Fire, Marine and General Insurance.

- 1. Australasian Companies\*.—(i) General. The following tables show particulars of revenue and expenditure, assets and liabilities, and investments of certain insurance companies having their head offices either in Australia, New Zealand, or Fiji. The business transacted in respect of premium income by these companies during 1940–41 represents approximately 56 per cent. of the aggregate Australian business, some particulars of which are given in par. 2 below.
- (ii) Revenue and Expenditure. The most important items of revenue and expenditure are given below. The trade surplus in 1940-41 was £1,635,197, or 15.75 per cent. of premium income.

FIRE, MARINE AND GENERAL INSURANCE COMPANIES: SUMMARY OF REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE.

Heading.	1936-37.	1937–38.	1938-39.	1939-40.	1940-41.								
No. of Companies	40	40	40	4I	36								
-	£	£	£	£	£								
Premiums, less reinsurances					10,379,139								
Losses	4,358,863	5,027,877	5,417,153	5,568,447	5,281,894								
Expenses, commission and taxes	2,512,992	2,719,823	2,994,069	3,190,208	3,462,048								
Trade surplus	947,871	1,116,664	1,296,698	1,308,237	1,635,197								
Interest, rent, etc	755,302	828,272											
Total surplus	1,703,173				2,441,827								
Dividends and bonuses paid	680,260												
Ratio to premium income of-	%	1 %	/ %	1 %	%								
(a) Losses	55.74	56.72	55.80	55.31	50.88								
(b) Expenses, etc	32.14	30.68	30.84	31.69	33.36								
(c) Trade surplus	12.12	13.60	13.36	13.00	15.75								
	t	<u> </u>	l	l .	<u> </u>								

<sup>•</sup> The statistical information in this paragraph has been extracted from the Australasian Insurance and Banking Record.

<sup>8.</sup> Conspectus of Australian Life Assurance Legislation.—A conspectus of Australian Life Assurance Legislation as then existing appears in Official Year Book No. 18, pp. 1041-59.

<sup>(</sup>iii) Liabilities and Assets. The liabilities and assets for the period 1935-36 to 1939-40 are set out in the following table. Comparison of the results for 1939-40 (41 companies), with those for 1935-36 (40 companies) shows that paid-up capital constituted

20 per cent. of the total liabilities in 1939-40, as compared with 25 per cent. in 1935-36. Reserves constituted 46 per cent. and 45 per cent. 1939-40 and 1935-36 respectively. Government securities and other investments constituted 67 per cent. and 66 per cent. of the total assets for the same years. Figures for later than 1939-40 are not available.

FIRE, MARINE AND GENERAL INSURANCE COMPANIES.

Heading.	1935–36.	1936-37.	1937-38.	1938–39.	1939-40.
Paid-t	P CAPITAL,	RESERVES	and Liabili	ITIES.	
	£	£	£	£	£
Paid-up capital Reserves and reinsurance	6,566,758	6,674,188	6,676,188	6,823,065	6,859,065
funds $(a)$	11,773,597	12,623,437	14,347,012	14,184,021	15,843,818
Undivided profits	988,361	954,871	949,172	1,186,969	1,361,451
Losses unsettled	1,057,319	1,309,361	1,633,225	1,629,354	2,323,514
Sundry creditors, etc.	1,632,589	1,833,367	2,141,813	2,093,733	2,516,833
Dividends, etc., to pay	423,613	428,751	453,877	418,722	496,700
Life assurance funds $(b)$	3,594,919	3,860,147	4,153,530	4,448,233	4,793,471
Total Liabilities	26,037,156	27,684,122	30,354,817	30,784,097	34,194,858
In	VESTMENTS	AND OTHER	Assets.		
	£	£	£	£	£
	1	1	1	1	1
Loans on mortgage	906,802	923,781	1,190,444	953,499	934,339
	16,865,834	18,186,694	1,190,444 19,666,290	20,287,975	934,330
Government securities, etc.					
Tovernment securities, etc.  Landed and other property	16,865,834	18,186,694	19,666,290	20,287,975	22,914,01
Government securities, etc.  Landed and other property  Fixed deposits, etc.  Loans on life policies (b)	16,865,834 3,066,336 1,973,553 307,938	18,186,694 3,158,269 2,001,642 347,400	19,666,290 3,434,926 1,933,967 380,594	20,287,975 3,683,085 1,946,707 423,282	22,914,01 3,803,878 1,927,038
Government securities, etc. Landed and other property Fixed deposits, etc. Loans on life policies (b) Investments	16,865,834 3,066,336 1,973,553 307,938 234,226	18,186,694 3,158,269 2,001,642 347,400 252,234	19,666,290 3,434,926 1,933,967 380,594 176,995	20,287,975 3,683,085 1,946,707 423,282 55,078	22,914,01 3,803,875 1,927,035 457,105 (c)
Government securities, etc. Landed and other property Fixed deposits, etc. Loans on life policies (b) Investments Cash and bills receivable	16,865,834 3,066,336 1,973,553 307,938	18,186,694 3,158,269 2,001,642 347,400	19,666,290 3,434,926 1,933,967 380,594	20,287,975 3,683,085 1,946,707 423,282	22,914,01 3,803,878 1,927,038 457,105 (c)
Government securities, etc. Landed and other property Fixed deposits, etc. Loans on life policies (b) Investments Cash and bills receivable Sundry debtors and other	16,865,834 3,066,336 1,973,553 307,938 234,226 966,288	18,186,694 3,158,269 2,001,642 347,400 252,234 996,553	19,666,290 3,434,926 1,933,967 380,594 176,995 1,340,647	20,287,975 3,683,085 1,946,707 423,282 55,078 1,241,924	22,914,01 3,803,878 1,927,038 457,109 (c) 1,687,421
Government securities, etc. Landed and other property Fixed deposits, etc. Loans on life policies (b) Investments Cash and bills receivable	16,865,834 3,066,336 1,973,553 307,938 234,226	18,186,694 3,158,269 2,001,642 347,400 252,234	19,666,290 3,434,926 1,933,967 380,594 176,995	20,287,975 3,683,085 1,946,707 423,282 55,078	22,914,01 3,803,875 1,927,035 457,105 (c)

<sup>(</sup>a) Including amount required as reserves against unexpired risks. (b) Some of the companies transact Life Business. (c) Included with Government securities, etc.

2. Aggregate Australian Business.—(i) States. While the foregoing statements relate to those companies only whose head offices are located in Australia, New Zealand or Fiji, the following particulars, which are somewhat restricted in the range of information, are in respect of all companies operating in Australia. During 1941-42 revenue from premiums amounted to £19,812,219 and from the net interest on investments, etc., to £839,827, totalling £20,652,046. Expenditure on losses amounted to £8,706,114, contributions to Fire Brigades £442,305, commission and agents' charges £2,014,833, expenses of management £3,627,197, and taxation £1,250,709, a total of £16,041,158.

The following table shows for each State the aggregate premium income, less reinsurances and returns, and claims paid, less reinsurances, together with the proportions of losses on premiums for all classes of insurance other than life for the years 1940-41 and 1941-42.

State.		reinsura	ms, less nces and urns.		s, less rances.	Proportion of Losses on Premiums.	
		1940-41.	1941-42.	1940-41.	1941-42.	1940-41.	1941-42.
		£	£	£	£	%	%
New South Wales		7,772,798	8,396,769	4,026,885	3,977,809	51.81	47.37
Victoria		5,101,619	5,810,151	2,247,720	2,225,231	44.06	38.20
Queensland		2,365,027	2,330,546	1,147,121	1,134,887	48.50	48.70
South Australia		1,304,830	1,378,377	542,409	577,232	41.57	41.88
Western Australia		1,400,169	1,402,777	618,153	622,303	44.15	44.36
Tasmania		489,185	493,599	197,675	168,652	40.41	34.17
All States		18,433,628	19,812,219	8,779,963	8,706,114	47.63	43.94

FIRE, MARINE AND GENERAL INSURANCE: PREMIUMS AND LOSSES.

(ii) Classes of Insurance. The following statement shows premiums and losses in respect of the principal classes of risks, with the proportions of losses on premiums for the years 1939-40 and 1940-41:—

FIRE, MARINE AND GENERAL INSURANCE; PREMIUMS AND LOSSES, PRINCIPAL CLASSES OF RISK.

		7 1411/011 / 1	U VENIOUEU	OI ICIDIL.			
Class of Risk.		reinsura	ms, less nces and irns.		es, less rances.	Proportion of Losses on Premiums.	
		1940-41.	1941-42.	1940-41.	1941-42.	1940-41.	1941-42.
		£	£	£	£	%	%
Fire		5,945,836	6,221,711	1,861,729	1,588,816	31.31	25.54
Workers' Compensation	on	4,544,173	4,925,864	3,162,331	3,416,580	69.59	69.36
Motor Vehicle		3,497,763	2,922,983	2,209,091	1,748,485	63.16	59.82
Marine		2,363,140	3,274,656	821,674	1,122,736	34.77	34.29
Personal Accident		591,626	635,000	247,516	253,000	41.84	39.84
All other		1,491,090	1,832,005	477,622	576,497	32.03	31.47
Total		18,433,628	19,812,219	8,779,963	8,706,114	47.63	43.94
		1	1	l	1	1	

The volume of business measured by the amounts of premium income shows that fire insurances represented about 31 per cent. of the totals during 1940-41 and 1941-42, while next in importance were workers' compensation 25 per cent. during both years, and motor vehicles 19 per cent. in 1940-41 and 15 per cent. in 1941-42. Marine insurance constituted 13 per cent. in 1940-41 and 16.5 per cent. in 1941-42.

During the three years 1932-33 to 1934-35 less than 45 per cent. of the premium income was required on the average to meet losses. Up to 1939-40 the proportion of losses on premiums did not move much from the 50 per cent. mark. For the years 1940-41 and 1941-42, however, the proportion dropped to 47.63 and then to 43.94. Except for Workers' Compensation and Marine the decrease was fairly general. In the case of Marine, the proportion of losses to premiums would have been considerably higher, but for the fact that losses are understated because of claims which may not be finalized for some time.

#### E. FRIENDLY SOCIETIES.

1. General.—Friendly societies are an important factor in the social life of the community, as probably more than one-third of the total population of Australia comes either directly or indirectly under their influence. Their total membership is over 605,000, but as certain benefits, such as medical attendance and free medicines, and in many cases funeral expenses, are granted to members' families as well as to members themselves, this figure must, even when due allowance is made for young and unmarried

members, be more than doubled to arrive at an estimate of the number of persons who receive some direct benefit from these societies. Legislation has conferred certain privileges on friendly societies, but, on the other hand, it insists on their registration, and it is the duty of the Registrars in the various States, prior to registering a new society, to see that its proposed rules are conformable to the law, and that the scale of contribution is sufficient to provide the promised benefits. Societies are obliged to forward annual returns as to their membership and their finances to the Registrar, and reports are published in most of the States dealing with the returns received. The figures in the following tables are for the year 1940-41 in respect of all States except Tasmania where they relate to the calendar year 1941, and New South Wales, where they relate to the year 1938-39, particulars for later years not having been tabulated, because of staff shortages due to the war.

2. Number of Societies, Lodges and Members.—The number of different societies and lodges, the total number of benefit members at the end of the year, and their average number during the year are shown in the following table:—

FRIENDLY SOCIETIES: SOCIETIES, LODGES AND MEMBERS.(a)

State.		Number of Registered Friendly Societies.	Number of Branches.	Benefit Members at End of Year.	Average No. of Benefit Members during the Year.
New South Wales (b) Victoria (c) Queensland South Australia (d)		33 83 23 17	2,402 1,471 589 (e) 883	211,170 195,902 72,615 76,357	211,653 193,883 72,565 75,919
Western Australia (d) Tasmania		13	339 180	27,046 24,722	27,158 (f) 24,661
Total		188	5,864	607,812	605,839

(a) See par. 1 for years covered. (b) Excludes twenty-one miscellaneous societies consisting of Medical Institutes, Dispensaries, and Burial Societies. (c) Excludes Dispensaries and Juvenile branches. (d) Excludes Juvenile Branches. (e) Societies containing male and female branches counted as two branches. (f) Estimated.

3. Sickness and Death Returns.—Sick pay is generally granted for a number of months at full rates, then for a period at half rates, and in some societies is finally reduced to quarter rates. The following table shows the total number of members who received sick pay during the year, the number of weeks for which they received pay in the aggregate, and the average per member sick, and further the number of benefit members who died during the year, together with the proportion of deaths per thousand average members:—

FRIENDLY SOCIETIES: SICKNESS AND DEATH RETURNS.(a)

	Number	Total	Average	Benefit Members.		
State.		of Members Number of Weeks received Sick Pay Granted.		Number of Weeks per Member Sick.	Deaths.	Proportion of deaths per 1,000 (Average).
New South Wales		52,340	522,174	9.98	2,708	12.80
Victoria	• •	53,320	519,086	9.74	2,203	11.36
Queensland	• •	(b)14,438	(b)145,385	10.07	837	11.53
South Australia		19,942	214,683	10.77	967	12.74
Western Australia		7,073	61,838	8.74	252	9.28
Tasmania		4,471	48,142	10.77	332	13.46
Total		151,584	1,511,308	9.97	7,299	12.05

<sup>(</sup>a) See par. 1 for years covered.

<sup>(</sup>b) Females counted as half members in these totals.

4. Revenue and Expenditure.—(i) Revenue. The financial returns are not prepared in the same way in each State, but an attempt has been made in the following table to group the revenue under the main headings:—

FRIENDLY SOCIETIES: REVENUE.(a)

State.		Entrance Fees, Members' Contributions and Levies.	Interest, Dividends and Rents.	All other Revenue.	Total Revenue.
		£	£	£	£
New South Wales Victoria Queensland South Australia Western Australia Tasmania		767,621 731,432 254,309 261,202 110,389 87,298	208,651 277,955 94,380 145,802 29,627 23,559	29,769 72,617 (b) 22,010 5,395 12,054	1,006,041 1,082,004 348,689 429,014 145,411 122,911
Total	••	2,212,251	779,974	141,845	3,134,070

<sup>(</sup>a) See par. 1 for years covered.

FRIENDLY SOCIETIES: EXPENDITURE.(a)

State.	Sick Pay.	Medical Attendance and Medicine.	Sums Payable at Death of Members and Members' Wives.	Adminis- tration.	All other Expendi- ture.	Total Expendi- ture.
New South Wales Victoria Queensland South Australia Western Australia Tasmania	 £ 278,738 301,123 86,346 105,962 35,291 25,780	£ 306,029 309,728 105,944 104,630 43 188 32,735	£ 89,368 54,459 41,894 44,204 13,162 23,160	£ 164,570 148,623 55,580 47,857 24,982 21,203	£ 27,931 101,040 (b) 42,142 11,520 11,672	£ 866,636 914,973 289,764 344,765 128,143 114,550
Total	 833,240	902,254	266,247	462,815	194,305	2,658,861

<sup>(</sup>a) See par. 1 for years covered.

It appears from the above figures that sick pay averaged about 27s. 6d. per average benefit member, but, as the returns include pay at half and quarter rates, and as the proportion of these to full rates is not stated, the average given is somewhat indefinite. Medical attendance and medicine cost about 29s. 9d. per average benefit member.

5. Funds.—The two foregoing tables show that the surplus of revenue over expenditure in all States amounted to £475,209 for the year. Accumulations of profits arising in the sickness and funeral funds of these societies are invested pending claims by members, and at the end of the year 1941 the total funds of friendly societies amounted to £17,991,841 (£29 12s. per benefit member), invested principally on mortgage loans on members' homes, real estate, and in Government and Municipal securities.

<sup>(</sup>b) Included in interest, dividends and rents.

<sup>(</sup>ii) Expenditure. The returns relating to expenditure are in greater detail than those for revenue. The figures show that the excess of revenue for the year was £475,209 for Australia, representing about 15s. 8d. per average benefit member.

<sup>(</sup>b) Included in administration.

#### F. PROBATES.

1. Probates and Letters of Administration.—The following particulars give some idea of the number and value of estates of deceased persons in respect of the year 1940. Later particulars are not available because of the cessation in compilation of these statistics for the duration of the war. Owing to differences in legislation in the various States, however, the figures are not entirely comparable. The details for each State are shown in the table hereunder:—

PROBATES AND LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION, 1940.

Particulars.		New South Wales, 1939-40. (a)	Victoria, 1940.	Queens- land, 1939-40.	South Australia, 1940.	Western Australia, 1940.	Tasmania, 1940.	Total.
Probates—						1		
Estates	No.	10.828	6,617	1,272	1,816	1,251	b 547	22,331
Gross Value	£	(c)		6,215,825	5,600,166		b1,760,197	(d)
Net Value	£	26,598,763	21,186,083	(c)	4,669,225		b1,556,356	(d)
Letters of Admin	istra-	1		1 ''				
tion—		ľ				i		
Estates	No.	(c)	1,764	231	200	329	b 143	(d)
Gross Value	£	(c)	(e)	478,029	268,498	358,022	b 219,095	(d) (d)
Net Value	£	(c)	(e)	(c)	176,604	237,742	b 177,617	(d)
Total—		1		1		1		
Estates	No.	10,828	8,381	1,503	2,016	1,580	690	24,998
Gross Value	£	(c)	23,876,091	6,693,854	5,868,664	3,637,349	1,979,292	(d)
Net Value	£	26,598,763	21,186,983	(c)	4,845,829	2,777,002	1,733,973	(d)
		ŀ	1			į		

 <sup>(</sup>a) Total estates of deceased persons assessed for Death Duty.
 (b) Applications dealt with.
 (c) Not available.
 (d) Incomplete.
 (e) Included with Probates.

2. Intestate Estates.—The number of intestate estates administered by the Curator during the year, and the amount of unclaimed money paid into Consolidated Revenue in each State during the year 1940 are given hereunder:—

#### INTESTATE ESTATES, 1940.(a)

Particulars.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Total.
Intestate estates administered by Curator during 1940— Number Gross Value Net Value	(c) (c) (c)	195 103,346 88,950	671 209,984 167,603	(d) 185 (d)108,404 (d) 77,488	29,408	(e) 79 (e)10,645 (c)	SSS
Unclaimed money paid into Consolidated Revenue by Curator during 1940 £	(c)	9,912	(g) 9,732	5,266	4,209	(c)	(t)

<sup>(</sup>a) Not included above in the table of Probates and Letters of Administration granted. (b) Year ended 30th June, 1940. (c) Not available. (d) Excludes estates of persons leaving wills: number, 213; gross value, £155,659; net value, £118,654. (e) Excludes estates of persons leaving wills: number, 57; gross value, £10,645. (f) Incomplete. (g) Paid to Unclaimed Moneys Fund.